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In a Beautiful Complexion

Nyal's Face Cream

(With Peroxide)

A delight for the toilet—cleans the complexion of blemishes, and makes it soft and beautiful.

Nyal's Face Cream

is excellent for sunburn and tan; coats the skin, allays the burning sensation so general on hot days.

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Grocery Department

MAGNIFICENT FLOUR

IS THE BEST PASTRY FLOUR

There is none made anywhere that is superior to it in this respect. It makes the most brittle and appetizing pie crust; the most superb cake. Try it and be convinced.

FOR SALE ONLY BY

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THE HABIT OF SAVING

The Love of Accumulating a Competence

GROWS ON PEOPLE.

At first they don't think much about it, but with time comes the reluctance to draw out even a penny.

Start that long delayed SAVINGS ACCOUNT TODAY—if only with \$1.00—you will never regret it.

We divide our profits with you by paying 3 per cent interest.

Farmers & Merchants Bank

OFFICERS:

JOHN F. WALTRIOUS, Pres. PETER MERKEL, 1st Vice Pres.
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Special Sale On Sewing Machines

Now is the time to purchase that new machine. We want you to buy one of the Wm. C. Free Sewing Machines, this machine is insured for five years from date of purchase. Call and see them now on sale. On Saturday, September 16, 1911, we will give one of these beautiful sewing machines away, free. All the ladies have to do is call and see the machine and get a ticket. Any one purchasing one of the Free Machines in the next thirty days and should be the lucky one to draw the Free Machine we will refund the purchase price to them.

HARDWARE AND FURNITURE OF ALL KINDS

HOLMES & WALKER

WE WILL ALWAYS TREAT YOU RIGHT.

Fire at the University of Michigan.

The western section of the old medical building of the University of Michigan was destroyed Saturday night by a fire starting on fourth floor of the structure. The blaze is thought to be of incendiary origin, as the building was unoccupied at the time, and there were no live electric wires on either the third or fourth floor.

By hard the firemen succeeded in saving the eastern part of the building, which is separated by a fire wall from the burned part.

In the basement of the building was stored a large quantity of paints and gasoline, and when these were ignited the fire became a spectacular one.

Owing to a shortage in the water supply it was necessary to start the big pumps of the engineering department and to draw water from the naval testing tank to fight the flames.

The portion of the building which was saved from flames was the original medical of the university and was one of the three oldest on the campus.

This is the structure which the regents ordered razed some years ago, but which was saved through the urgent protest of medical alumni from all parts of the country. A fund is now being raised to equip it as a medical library and museum.

Self Defense League.

That a movement among Chinese students in this country started by the Chinese of the University of Chicago last Easter vacation time, has resulted in the formation of a self defense league which practically every Chinese student in any American college or university has just been made public in Ann Arbor by one of the league, who is a U. of M. student.

This movement was brought about through fear that many nations were alien against China, threatening her life as an independent nation, and includes the furnishing of arms and ammunition to China if necessary. The organization of this league whether or not their fears are found to have grounds, cannot but be of benefit to China, it is claimed, for it creates a concentrated effort both in this country and in foreign countries wherever Chinese students are being educated, to hold the future of China sacred and to do all in each one's power for the benefit and uplift of the land.

Reached An Agreement.

Ann Arbor Times News: The city of Ypsilanti and the D. U. R. have at last reached an agreement in regard to the reconstruction of the Congress street bridge over the Huron.

The street car company is to contribute \$17,706 toward the erection of a concrete arch bridge to replace the old iron structure at present used by the city and the railroad company and the city is to supply the other \$25,294, needed to complete the bridge. The new structure is to be nearly ten feet wider than the present bridge to allow for the future double tracking of the D. U. R. line. The agreement has been signed by Mayor Towner and by President Brooks, of the D. U. R. Construction of the new bridge is to begin as soon as possible. At present the railroad company has put piling under the old structure according to the order of the state railway commission which declared the bridge unsafe unless strengthened.

Drew Fifteen Days.

William Beatty, an employee of the Michigan Portland Cement Co., of Gray Village, Four Mile Lake, was taken before Justice Witherell Saturday morning and pleaded guilty to a charge of being drunk and paid a fine of \$5.00 and costs. After paying his fine, Beatty started out to celebrate the even and about two hours later he was taken from the streets to the village lockup. In the afternoon he was taken before Justice Witherell, who gave him a sentence of fifteen days in the county jail at Ann Arbor.

Measure Defeated.

At the special election held on Monday in this place to vote upon the question of issuing bonds in the sum of \$3,500 for the purpose of paving, the measure was defeated by a majority of 20.

The vote was extremely light. The whole number cast being 205, of which there were 116 for, 87 against, and 2 "hoods."

A number of the ladies who are taxpayers voted upon the question.

An Expression of Gratitude.

The undersigned wishes to thank their friends and neighbors for their kind and timely assistance at the Tuesday morning; also for the assistance offered.

MR. AND MRS. H. LIGHTHALL.

ELECTRIC STORM.

H. Lighthall Lost His Barn and Contents—Struck by Lightning.

Chelsea was in the midst of the worst electric storm of the season early Tuesday morning. The storm was accompanied by a heavy fall of rain which set in about two o'clock.

During the storm lightning struck a fine maple tree in front of the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Emmett Dancer on Park street, which was but slightly damaged. The electric light system of the Chelsea sub-station of the Commonwealth Power Co. was put entirely out of commission by the lightning.

H. Lighthall lost his farm barn which was struck by the lightning about two o'clock. Almost instantly after the building was struck flames burst forth and in a few moments the barn was a mass of flames. The oats and hay crops of the season and a quantity of farm implements and small tools were burned up.

Mr. Lighthall had his live stock in the pasture lot and they escaped. The hen and hog houses which were located near the barn were saved.

The burning building illuminated the sky brightly and was witnessed by many of the residents of this place. A number of our citizens went to the home of Mr. Lighthall and rendered such assistance as they could. The large elevated and stock tanks were both full of water and a bucket brigade was formed and by this means the hog and hen houses were saved.

The total loss is fully \$3,000 and was insured in the Washtenaw Mutual Fire Insurance Co. for \$900. Director O. C. Burkhart visited the scene of the conflagration Tuesday forenoon and informed Mr. Lighthall that he would receive the full amount of his insurance.

Will Have a "Kick."

Several shippers of fruit in the state who have heretofore been receiving a special rate over the express lines to certain points will in the future be compelled to pay the regular merchandise rate, judging from the tariffs that are now being filed with the state railroad commission.

For years the express companies have listed several articles of perishable and other commodities as general specials, and a lower rate could be obtained on this class of shipments. Since the inauguration of the new rates, however, by the state railroad commission, there are a number of instances where the new merchandise rate is lower than the former rate given general specials, and as a result the express companies have cut down their lists of commodities listed formerly under this rate. However, there are a number of cases as seen in the tariffs filed by the express companies, where the rates have been raised, that is where the general specials have been cut out and where the general merchandise rate is higher than formerly charged under the general specials. Taking it as a whole, however, the average shipper will receive reduced rates.

Thanksgiving Day.

President Taft will designate Thursday, November 30th, as Thanksgiving Day this year. It always has been the custom to fix the last Thursday in the month. This year there has been some doubt because November happened to include five instead of four Thursdays. The White House has been besieged by theatrical managers and those in charge of college football games to settle this doubt so that definite arrangements could be made for the usual array of special performances and sports that mark the day.

State Tax Commission.

Members of the state tax commission are holding daily meetings and working with feverish haste to complete their reports before the state board of equalization convenes in Lansing next week. All information regarding the finding of James Finley the mining expert appointed to appraise the mineral wealth of Michigan is being closely guarded and the commission declare that the result of his work will not be given out until the board meets Monday afternoon.

The New Liquor Law.

The new law in regard to observing holidays in the liquor business which went into effect August 1, 1911, provides that saloons must close on New Years Day, Thanksgiving, Christmas, Fourth of July, Decoration Day, Labor Day, Sundays, and on all General and Primary election days only until polls are closed. The new law thus eliminates Washington's Birthday and Columbus Day which were formerly holidays.

State Convention.

The Sault Ste Marie Evening News says the following in reference to the recent convention of County Clerks held in that city, which County Clerk Chas. L. Miller, of Ann Arbor, attended, and who is chairman of the membership committee.

"The county clerks of Michigan recently held their state convention at the Soo. This body of county officials was a most representative one and showed an unusually high average of intelligence and capacity. One of the noticeable features which the meeting brought to the front was the familiarity displayed by almost all of the members with the details involved in the discharge of the difficult duties of clerk of their respective counties. This comprehensive knowledge on the part of these public officials was the less difficult to understand, however, when the further fact is stated that among the eighty-three county clerks in the State of Michigan, thirty-three of them, or more than a third, are serving their third term, or better this statement shows, beyond a doubt, the growing tendency on the part of the public to retain in the office of county clerk an official who has made good. This tendency has been reinforced and strengthened by the application of the direct nomination law which gives a decided advantage to a good official who aspires to be his own successor.

There is no department of county government so exacting in its nature as that of clerk. Necessarily the incumbent must be thoroughly capable, devoted to the proper discharge of his duty, accurate to a degree and willing to render prompt and efficient service to his constituents. Such an official, when once located in the office of county clerk, is not easily displaced, nor does the public service demand his displacement, but rather the reverse.

"We hope the convention of county clerks thoroughly enjoyed their visit to the Soo. We think they did, and we hope that some time they may return to renew their acquaintances recently formed. Upon their return we also hope we shall find many of those who attended this year's convention still in the ranks of the association, due to the tendency to which we have alluded of keeping a good clerk on the job as long as his services are available."

Robbins' Big Show.

The following is from the Camden, N. J., Courier of May 9, 1911:

"After all the one ring circus is the place where one can have the greatest fun! You don't have to break your neck or strain your eyes to see everything that is going on with the result you don't go away with the feeling that you have missed anything.

"The thousands that attended the performances of the Frank A. Robbins feature circus which performed here for the edification of Camdenians yesterday left the big tent with the feeling that they had seen all the management had to offer and expressions of pleasure for the excellent show were heard on every side.

"One finds everything in a smaller degree; the clowns that delighted the grandfathers are at the old stand doing new business, the horses show greater cleverness than before, and the acrobats perform feats that send chills of dread up and down the spine.

"Hillary Long, the greatest head artist in the world bounced up and down a flight of stairs like a rubber ball, doing all kinds of difficult feats with the strength of his neck and the hardness of his head.

"The flying Glendales performed some of the greatest feats of skill and nerve ever seen before in a circus ring, leaping from one trapeze to another and from end to end of the tent.

"It would be hard to pick any particular feature. The Company has called the show an all-feature circus and this is literally true. It is a feature circus and all acts are well worth seeing at any time. The Robbins Show will always be welcome in Camden."

The Frank A. Robbins Circus will exhibit in Chelsea, Wednesday, August 23, afternoon and evening.

Tortured For 15 Years.

By a cure-defying stomach trouble that baffled doctors, and resisted all remedies he tried, John W. Modders, of Modderville, Mich., seemed doomed. He had to sell his farm and give up work. His neighbors said, "he can't live much longer." "Whatever I ate distressed me" he wrote, "till I tried Electric Bitters, which worked such wonders for me that I can now eat things I could not take for years. Its surely a grand remedy for stomach trouble." Just as good for the liver and kidneys. Every bottle guaranteed. Only \$2 at L. F. Vogel, H. H. Fenn Co. and L. N. Freeman Co.

AT Freeman's

Vernor's Ginger Ale, freezing cold, bottles packed in cracked ice. Try it. 5c. No other place so cold.

Home-made, Teddy Bear, Mother's Shaker and Salt-raising Bread, fresh every day. None as good as these.

Heinz's Sweet Cucumber Pickles, just the right flavor, tender and crisp.

Heinz's Sweet Mixed Pickles, the best ever, and delivered to you in prime condition.

Teas, just right for iced, all kinds, English Breakfast, Ceylon, Japan and Oolong. The finest grades.

Red Band Coffee the best value in Chelsea, per pound 30c.

Large, smooth, waxy, Messina Lemons, the kind with the rich, ripe flavor.

The best brands of Flour here at the right price.

We cut the finest full cream Cheese.

Our Dairy Butter has that pure fresh butter flavor so much desired, free from all taint. It's the kind everybody likes.

Candy, we always have the most candy, the best candy, the freshest candy, and our prices are always the lowest.

Fruits and Vegetables always in season. The best we can buy.

OUR DRUG DEPARTMENT

Is in charge of Competent REGISTERED PHARMACISTS. We have all the good things usually kept in a first-class drug store. We sell the famous

REXALL REMEDIES

which are the best, and sold with the best guarantee of any remedies ever made. Ask us about the

REXALL LINE.

FREEMAN'S

SEE OUR LINE

OF BUGGIES, HARNESSES, WHIPS, CREAM SEPARATORS, MACHINE OILS, BINDER TWINE, CAREY ROOFING, FLOUR AND FEED OF ALL KINDS. PRICES RIGHT.

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CALL US UP BY PHONE

Our telephone number is 59. It is here for your convenience and we will be just as careful in making the selection as if you were here to do it yourself. We have some choice Beef, Pork, Mutton and Veal. Better try a phone order today.

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FRED KLINGLER

FRED H. BELSER

Full Line of GALE Farm Tools

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ONE PRICE TO ALL

FRED H. BELSER

The Chelsea Standard

G. T. HOOVER, Publisher.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN

USE DOGS TO FIGHT PLAGUE

Madras Officials Have Recourse to Novel Methods in Combating Dread Disease.

A Mysore correspondent, writing to the London Daily Graphic, states that in that part of Madras plague has been rife. There were in one district 330 deaths in three months.

Inoculation will not stamp out plague; it merely affords temporary protection to man, he says. "To get rid of plague we must get rid of plague-infected fleas. The government measures are, when dead rats are found in a house, to cause it to be evacuated and take off the roof. The plague-infected rats, finding no food or shelter in the house, make for the next houses, and carry infection with them. The infected fleas that have escaped from the bodies of the dead rats are still let in the house, and it takes months to destroy them, as all disinfectives have so far proved of little use.

"We have had dead rats in my bungalow, and in the different houses on the mine, on six different occasions. When a dead rat is found in any house I have the body taken up with a pair of tongs, saturated with kerosene oil, and burnt. I turn in three or four dogs, and keep them in the house till evening. The infected fleas get into the hair of the dogs. The dogs are taken out in the evening, rubbed over with common castor oil (which instantly kills the fleas, as it clogs their breathing apparatus), and washed with carbolic soap. This I repeat for three or four days. At night I place plenty of rat food in the room, to attract the rats, and set wire traps.

"I have thus destroyed hundreds of rats which have been plague-infected, and also got rid of the fleas, which are the chief source of danger. Dogs are immune from plague. I consider the dog the most valuable preventive of plague, for not only does he kill more rats than a cat, but he also traps the plague-infected fleas. I think my experiment is worth repeating."

Labrador to Florida in an Hour. Looking up the canyon from the warm sunny edge of the Mono plain my morning ramble seems a dream, so great is the change in the vegetation and climate. The lilies on the bank of Moraine lake are higher than my head, and the sunshine is hot enough for palms. Yet the snow around the arctic garden at the summit of the pass is plainly visible only about four miles away, and between the specimen zones of all the principal climates of the globe. In little more than an hour one may swoop down from winter to summer, from an arctic to a torrid region, through as great changes of climate as one would encounter in traveling from Labrador to Florida.—John Muir: "My First Summer in the Sierras."

As Nationalities Go. The industrial publicity officer of a German health resort has sent out a circular letter announcing that "for the benefit of Americans generally be it known that in future instead of climbing the steep hill, they can now ride comfortably in a new lift," proclaims the New York Tribune. The lift is electric and holds 12 people. Needless to say, when speaking of this place (though one must not believe all one hears), a small charge of ten helters is made for the ride. The circular also says that a British consulate has been established at the spa. This was found necessary because "it is seldom that an Englishman can remain away from home a whole month without requiring to transact legal or official business of some sort."

Use of English. The report that individuals have been punished in two towns in the south for using profane language is of the utmost importance to that small minority of persons who hold that a proper familiarity with the English language is worth while. There is, it must be conceded, a shocking degree of ignorance of the English language by the people who should speak it more or less correctly. The average high school graduate has only the haziest knowledge of it; a great many college graduates flounder in its simplest whirlpools with pathetic helplessness. The double negative is indulged in by perhaps 60 per cent. of our entire population. Our most charming young women usually exhibit a knowledge of only half a dozen adjectives, while the average man about town has to rely upon a practiced urbanity when he converses with any one who knows the English language. One is constantly reminded of Dr. Johnson's fish-woman, who believed herself to be mortally injured when he referred to her as a polyhedron.

Much Like New York. Victim of a broken aqueduct, Venice may be said to have brought home to it a realization of the Ancient Mariner's "Water, water, everywhere, nor any drop to drink."—Providence News.

Rather Mixed. "There goes Jenkins' widow." "Yes, but he was married twice, you know."

"Well, what of that?" "Well, he was his first or second widow?"

THE APPLE CROP WILL BE LARGE ONE

TOTAL IN UNITED STATES THIS YEAR WILL EXCEED THAT OF 1910 BY 35 PER CENT.

MICHIGAN INCREASE IS FULLY 150 PER CENT.

Drop in Prices Will Follow When Early Fruit Reaches Market Within the Next Three Weeks.

According to the official forecast of the International Apple Shippers' association, which closed its annual convention at the Hotel Cadillac in Detroit, the United States will have a bumper apple crop this year, exceeding last year's crop by at least 35 per cent.

At the present time the best commercial apples are bringing to the shippers \$2.50 a barrel, of which the grower gets about \$1.75, allowing 50 cents for the barrel and 25 cents for packing and loading. Within the next three weeks the early crop will begin to reach the market, which will probably bring about a decided decrease in price.

Of the four big commercial apple states New York shows an increase of 50 per cent over last year, Pennsylvania 35 per cent, Michigan comes to the front with 150 per cent, while Virginia shows a decrease of 55 per cent.

According to the figures presented the central group of states, which includes New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Michigan and Wisconsin, shows an increase of fully 60 per cent over last year, while the middle western states, with the exception of Kansas, show 35 per cent increase. The New England and southern states show slight decreases. Of the Pacific coast states, Colorado shows a big increase, while Washington and Oregon show decreases in the estimated crops.

State Death Rate Is High for July. According to the mortality report issued by the secretary of state, there were 3,141 deaths in the state during July. This number corresponds to an annual death rate of 13.0 per 1,000, estimated population. A considerable increase is noticed in the number of deaths returned for July, as compared with the month of June.

By ages there were 648 deaths of infants under one year of age, 171 deaths of children aged one to four years, inclusive; and 691 deaths of elderly persons aged 65 years and over.

The different state institutions reported deaths as follows: Traverse City hospital, 12; Kalamazoo hospital, 17; Soldiers' Home hospital, 7; LaPeer Home for Feeble Minded, 1; Newberry hospital, 4; Pontiac hospital, 16; and Wayne County hospital, 30. There were 5,040 births during July. This number corresponds to an annual birth rate of 20.7 per 1,000, estimated population. A decrease of 221 is noted in the number of birth returned for July, as compared with June.

Detectives Killed as Result of Joke. Taken for car thieves, because they tried to frighten William Burnett, a Michigan Central detective, Frank J. Cook and Daniel Vreeland, railroad detectives, were shot dead on the Michigan Central tracks in Detroit. The men met death as the result of a joke that they attempted to play on Burnett. They were all on the best of terms and met at the junction of the two roads every night. Cook and Vreeland, knowing that Burnett had had trouble with two car breakers, decided that they would hide behind a car and spring out on him as he passed. Their joke had an ending different than they had suspected. Burnett, not recognizing either of the men, drew his gun and shot four times at them, three of the bullets taking effect. One went through Cook's heart, the other two striking Vreeland in the head and chest.

Favors Union of M. A. C. With U. of M. "I see no reason why the affiliation of the Michigan Agricultural college and the Michigan College of Mines with the University of Michigan, as proposed by Governor Osborn, could not be brought about, and I am inclined to believe that it would be advantageous to all concerned."

President Jonathan A. Snyder, of the Michigan Agricultural college, in discussing the expression recently made by the chief executive of the state, that the two institutions named should be made a part of the university and all put under one governing board.

Declaring that the Ahmeek property is given a too low valuation, and the Calumet & Hecla a too high appraisal, John S. Jackson, of Milwaukee, a stockholder in the Ahmeek company, has applied to the United States court in Marquette for an injunction restraining the proposed consolidation of the Calumet & Hecla and its various so-called subsidiary copper mining concerns.

John McKinley, of Ashland township, Newaygo county, has sold the entire crop of peaches on his place of 14 acres for \$4,000.

Joseph Kellogg of Kalamazoo is near death as the result of a pickaxe being driven into his back. Kellogg was working in a ditch with James Francis. As he was bending over, Francis raised his pick to loosen a stone that was in the ditch just back of where Kellogg was standing. He mistook the distance and the pick struck Kellogg squarely in the back.

Kellogg was lifted from the ditch in an unconscious condition and carried to his home.

MICHIGAN NEWS IN BRIEF

W. J. Galbraith is named Houghton county representative to the state board of equalization.

Menominee county plans a bond issue of \$50,000 and an expense of \$108,000 for good roads at once.

Charles Raymond, of Battle Creek, dependent over domestic and financial affairs, ended his life by taking rough on rats.

Gov. Crapo post, G. A. R. of Flint, conducted the funeral of John McGruder, colored, born a slave and who served as a union soldier.

D. S. Crandall, of Oshtemo, aged 90, was nearly burned to death in his bed when lightning fired it as he slept. Partly stunned by the shock, he managed to crawl to safety, then collapsed.

A dozen runaway Pere Marquette freight cars dashed down the Island street hill, in Grand Rapids, smashed down a bumper and a couple of poles that stood in the way and came to a halt after breaking in the front of the Worden grocery.

Secretary V. P. Cash, of the Michigan Beekeepers' association and of the Central Association of Beekeepers, declares that the greatest bean acreage Michigan has ever planted is in an extremely critical condition from the lack of rain.

Frank Morganrath, a geologist of Greenland, declares that he can locate a copper-bearing lode on the so-called "north range" of Ontonagon, a formation hitherto believed to be barren of red metal. In 1905 Mr. Morganrath revealed the location of the so-called Lake lode, in which several mines are now being opened.

Celia, 7-year-old daughter of Lawrence Ozga, was hiding or playing in a gravel pit, Filer City, while the workmen were at dinner, and one side caved in upon her. Upon returning to work the men saw the girl's hair showing above the gravel and dug her out quickly, but it was too late. She had been smothered.

The peach crop of Connecticut will be so large this year that a special train will be added to the Hartford-New York schedule during the harvesting season to carry the daily output to the New York markets. Hitherto the peach crop of the state has been consumed entirely by the New England markets, but this year's crop will show a large overplus.

The barn of John Phillips, a farmer residing three miles from Mill Creek, caught fire while all were away from home. Phillips' brother Selam, living near, went over to help fight the fire with other neighbors. His own barn was struck by lightning while away, and he drove home and put the fire out, and again came and helped save his brother John's house.

While several scores of people stood on the banks of the Battle Creek and gave advice how a 4-year-old youngster might be saved, Nicholas Daddau, a Greek, plugged in, swam to the center of the stream and steered the boat and himself close enough to rescue Christian Muhlhauer, of Akron, O., whose mother, Mrs. George Muhlhauer, is a guest at a local hotel.

Suit for \$10,000 for the death of William T. Shaffer, who was killed in the East after crossing wreck at Kalamazoo several weeks ago, has been started in the circuit court against the Michigan Central railroad and the M. U. R. by Frank Shaffer. The latter is a brother of the deceased. Settlements in other cases growing out of the accident have already been made.

Because of the large number of burglaries which have occurred in Grand Rapids within the last year, in which many rich hauls have been made, Sheriff Hurley has offered a reward of \$200 for the capture of the "chisel man," as the clever robber is called. There is a striking similarity in many of the robberies, especially in the east end of the city, and it is the opinion of the police that they are all the work of one man, or set of men.

Two hundred and fifty graduates and former students of the Michigan College of Mines, who were in Houghton attending the quarter centennial celebration of the college organized the alumni association of the Michigan College of Mines, electing the following officers: President, John L. Harris, Hancock, Mich.; vice-president, E. W. Walker, Chicago; secretary, Benjamin J. Sparks, Houghton, Mich.; treasurer, H. T. Mercer, Hainesdale.

Farmers who contracted to grow cucumbers for the new Libby, McNeil & Libby salting station, in Lake City, are beginning to realize on the venture. About 70 bushels a day is the rate at which the cucumbers are coming in at the plant, and the amount will increase. The company contracted for 150 acres, but from different causes about 25 acres have failed. Cut worms are to blame for a large part of the shortage. The salting station has a capacity of 15,000 bushels.

Well pleased with the showing made by the fruit market men at Milwaukee, and confident that the opening of that avenue of trade to the western Michigan shore will prove of great benefit, nearly 400 business men from Hart, Shelby, Pentwater, New Era, Muskegon and other towns, have returned home. Milwaukee during the business men's visit, displayed its desire to get in touch with the west. Michigan fruit shows give a chance towards reciprocal trade with a country as yet hardly opened to Wisconsin.

Josephine Thompson, 18, and Florence Koon, 19, telephone operators of Grand Rapids, were rescued in a Chinese joint in Chicago by federal officers on the eve of being transported to China as "white slaves." The girls claim that an Ionia divorcee enticed them away.

The plan of the Victoria Copper Mining Co. to dam the Ontonagon river at Lake Gogebic, making the lake a reservoir for a pending supply, has been blocked at least temporarily, by summer cottagers, who declare the level of the lake will be raised, to the damage of their property.

VETOING STATEHOOD TAFT HITS RECALL

SPEAKS PLAINLY OF POPULAR INNOVATION IN OVERRULING ARIZONA AND NEW MEXICO STATEHOOD.

SENATOR WM. ALDYN SMITH PUTS IN SUBSTITUTE BILL.

President Says Majority Is Not Always Just; Judges Must Be Independent of Popular Will—Measure Fraught With Danger.

President Taft in a special message to the house of representatives vetoed the joint resolution providing for the admission of Arizona and New Mexico to statehood. His reason for exercising the executive power of veto was based on his thorough disapproval of the recall of judges clause in the Arizona constitution. The fact that New Mexico's statehood was bound up with that of Arizona meted out to her the same fate, and neither territory can come into the union at this time unless friends of the joint resolution in congress can muster the two-thirds vote necessary to pass the resolution over the president's veto. This may be attempted.

The president did not spare words in condemning the recall feature of the Arizona constitution, which he would compel judges to make their decisions "under legalized terrorism." The recall provision would operate against all elective officers of Arizona, including both county and state judges. When 25 per cent of the voters of the previous election petitioned for a special election to remove an officer such an election would be compulsory.

"This provision of the Arizona constitution," the president says, "in its application to county and state judges seems to me so pernicious in its effect, so destructive of independence in the judiciary, so likely to subject the rights of the individual to the possible tyranny of a popular majority, and therefore to be so injurious to the cause of free government that I must disapprove a constitution containing it."

The message was read to the house amid absolute silence. Then a storm of applause broke from the Republican side. The Democrats remained quiet. The message was referred to the territorial committee.

Much of the message was devoted to a discussion of the functions of the courts under the constitution. The president dwelt at considerable length on the necessity of forcing the judiciary as much as possible from politics or popular influence. And referring to the recall provision he asked, "Could there be a system more ingeniously devised to subject judges to momentary gusts of popular passion than this?"

The message was received with great interest by the house, largely because of the president's long association with the judiciary. Senator Smith puts in substitute bill. Senator William Aldyn Smith introduced a substitute resolution this noon, providing statehood for Arizona and New Mexico. This bill will be laid by Senator Smith before the territories committee tomorrow and will be reported out favorably at once.

The bill provides for the admission of New Mexico as under the Flood amendment, that has already passed both houses, and for Arizona as was provided for by the Nelson amendment, which met defeat in the senate. The only difference between the Smith bill and the bill that has just been vetoed is that Senator Smith eliminates the recall of judges from the Arizona constitution.

Senator Smith took this action following a conference with the president, who is understood to approve every detail of the substitute. Belief is that it will pass both houses and result in immediate statehood.

Would Bring Medical Corp Up-to-Date. At a meeting of the state military board, held in camp in Fort Huron, Capt. H. D. Thomson, of the medical department, United States army, on duty with the division of militia affairs, who was sent to Camp Osborn to inspect the medical corps, recommended that the medical corps be reorganized along the lines of the regular service. If the military board decides to reorganize the medical department—and there seems to be no question but that it will—the reorganization will mean an increase in the number of hospital corps men and a complete purchase of new up-to-date ambulances and considerable other hospital equipment.

Shoots Wife and Kills Himself. C. Howard Linabury, formerly justice of the peace and well known in Pontiac, shot his wife and killed himself. Mrs. Linabury received a bullet through the left shoulder, but will recover. The couple have been separated for six months and Linabury had entered suit for divorce.

Holland workman, hit by the decree of the Christian Reformed church, that no union man can belong to the church, has started an appeal against the decision. John J. Joyce, an aviator, fell 500 feet while making a flight in a biplane at Hawthorne race track, Chicago, and escaped death. A trolley driver checked the descent, and the aviator jumped, escaping with a broken leg, a sprained ankle and cuts about the face.

The Devil Postpile national monument, which contains the Rainbow Falls, in California, has been granted by a proclamation signed by President Taft. The monument is within the Sierra national forest and contains approximately 800 acres of land. It was formerly a part of the Yosemite national park.

Americans Flee London Hotel Fire.

Nearly one hundred Americans, including James R. Keene and Gov. and Mrs. Frank Brown, of Maryland, narrowly escaped death when the Hotel Carlton, London, Eng., was badly damaged by fire. One guest, an American actor, James Lee Finney, was killed. His charred remains, burned beyond recognition, were found in the bathroom adjoining Mr. Finney's room on the fifth floor of the annex. Apparently Mr. Finney had gone into the bathroom to bathe before dressing and was asphyxiated.

THE MARKETS

LIVE STOCK. DETROIT—Cattle: Good grades are steady, but common dull at last week's prices. We quote: Best steers and heifers, \$5.50 @ 5.75; steers and heifers, 1,000 to 1,200 lbs., \$5.00; steers and heifers that are fat, 800 to 1,000 lbs., \$4.75; grass steers and heifers that are fat, 800 to 1,000 lbs., \$3.75 @ 4.25; good fat cows, \$3.50 @ 4.00; common cows, \$3.25 @ 3.75; canners, \$2.50 @ 3.00; heavy bulls, \$2.50 @ 3.00; fair to good bologna, \$3.50 @ 4.00; choice feeding steers, 800 to 1,000 lbs., \$4.50; fair feeding steers, 800 to 1,000 lbs., \$3.75 @ 4.25; fair stockers, 500 to 700 lbs., \$3.00 @ 3.50; stock heifers, \$3.00 @ 3.50; milkers, medium age, \$4.00 @ 5.00; common milkers, \$2.50 @ 3.50; milch cows and springers steady.

Year calves: Market strong and 50c higher than last week; \$4.75 @ 5.00; others, \$4.00 @ 4.50. Sheep and lambs: Market 25c @ 50c higher, due entirely to light receipts with fair run would be no higher; best lambs, \$5.50 @ 6.00; fair to good lambs, \$5.00 @ 5.50; common lambs, \$4.50 @ 5.00; fair to good sheep, \$3.25 @ 3.50; culls and common, \$2 @ 2.50. Hogs: Market 25c @ 50c higher, than last week; light to good butchers, \$7.75 @ 8.00; light Yorkers, \$7.00 @ 7.75; heavy, \$7.50 @ 7.65.

EAST BUFFALO—Cattle: Best 1,400 to 1,600-lb steers, \$6.75 @ 7.25; good prime 1,200 to 1,400-lb steers, \$5.50 @ 6.00; best 1,000 to 1,200-lb shipping steers, \$5.00 @ 5.25; medium butchers' steers, 1,000 to 1,100 lbs., \$4.25 @ 4.75; light butcher steers, \$4.75 @ 5.25; best fat cows, \$4.75 @ 5.25; fair to good fat cows, \$3.75 @ 4.25; common to medium fat cows, \$2.75 @ 3.25; trimmers, \$1.75 @ 2.25; best fat heifers, \$5.75 @ 6.00; good fat heifers, \$5.00 @ 5.50; fair to good fat heifers, \$4.50 @ 5.00; butchers' steers, 3.50 @ 3.50; best feeding steers, dehorned, \$4.25 @ 4.50; common feeding steers, dehorned, \$3.50 @ 4.00; best 1,000-lb export bulls, \$4.50 @ 5.00; bologna bulls, \$3.50 @ 4.00; stock bulls, \$3.00 @ 3.50; best 1,000-lb steers, \$4.50 @ 5.00; common to good, \$2.00 @ 3.00. The best milkers and springers were about steady with last week; common kind still hard to sell at satisfactory prices. Hogs: Receipts, 15 cars; steady; heavy, \$7.90 @ 8.30; Yorkers, \$8.00 @ 8.25; light, \$7.50 @ 7.75. Sheep: Receipts, 5 cars; strong; top lambs, \$7.75 @ 7.90; yearlings, \$5.50 @ 5.75; weathers, \$5.00 @ 5.25; Calves: \$4.50 @ 4.75.

GRAIN, ETC.

DETROIT—Wheat: Cash No 2 red, 90 1/4c asked; September opened with an advance of 1/4c to 91 1/4c and declined to 92c asked; December opened at 93 1/4c and declined to 92 1/2c; May opened at 1.02 and declined to 1.02; No 1 white, 97 1/4c and 97 1/2c. Corn: Cash No 3, 67c; No 2 yellow, 69c; No 3 yellow, 67c; cars at 68c. New York: Cash No 1 green, 43c; cars at 41c; August, 41c; September, 42c; No 3 white, 42 1/2c; new, 40c. Bye: Cash No 1, 40c. Bye: Immediate, prompt and August shipment, \$2.25; October, \$2.15; November, 1 car at \$2.10; December, \$2.05. Clover: Cash No 1, 10c; No 2, 9c; No 3, 8c; March, \$1.10; sample, 10 bags at \$1.15 at 10:50; prime alfalfa, \$1.40; sample alfalfa, 40 bags at \$9.25 at \$8.40 at \$8.50, 30 @ \$8. Timothy seed: Prime spot, 30 bags at \$6.40. Feed: In 100-lb sacks, jobbing lots; Bran, 25c; coarse middlings, 24c; fine middlings, 23c; cracked corn and coarse corn meal, \$27; corn and oat chop, 22c per ton. Flour: Best Michigan patent, \$4.75; ordinary, \$4.50; fancy domestic, \$4.25; clear, \$4; pure rye, \$4.65; spring patent, \$3.85 per 48-lb wood. FARM PRODUCE. Cabbage—New, \$2.75 per bbl. Green corn, \$2.00 per doz. Tomatoes—Home-grown, \$1.50 @ 2 per bushel. Honey—Choice to fancy comb, 14 @ 15c per lb. Eggs—Fancy, \$4.25 @ 4.75 per bbl. Dressed Calves—Fancy, 10 1/2 @ 11c; choice, 8 @ 9c per lb. Onions—Fancy, \$1.60 per 70-lb sack; Spanish, \$1.75 per crate. New Maple Sugar—Pure, 11 @ 12c per lb; syrups, 7 @ 8c per gal. Live Poultry—Broilers, 15 @ 16c; hens, 12 1/2 @ 13c; old roasters, 8c; turkeys, 14 @ 15c; geese, \$9.00; ducks, 12 @ 13c; young ducks, 15 @ 16c per lb. Cheese—Michigan, old 17c, new 13 1/2 @ 15c; York state, new, 14 @ 15c; Limburger, 12 @ 13c; fancy domestic Swiss, 12 @ 14c; common domestic Swiss, 16 @ 18c; imported Swiss, 20 @ 31c; brick cream, 14 @ 15c per lb. Wool—Medley, unwashed, 17c; fine unwashed, 12 @ 15c; rejections, 12c per pound. Hay—Carlot prices, Detroit market: No 1 timothy, \$18; No 2 timothy, \$18; light mixed, \$18; No 1 mixed, \$16 @ 17; rye straw, \$12; wheat and oat straw, \$8 @ 9 per ton. Hides—No 1 cured, 12c; No 1 green, 10c; No 1 cured red wip kip, 12 1/2 @ 13; No 1 green kip, 12c; No 1 cured murrain, 8c; No 1 green murrain, 8c; No 1 cured calf, 10c; No 1 green calf, 10c; No 2 kip and calf, 1 1/2 @ 1c; No 1 hides, 12c; No 1 hornhide, \$3.75; No 2 horse-hides, \$3.75; sheepskins, as to amount of wool, 20 @ 50c.

VEGETABLES. Beets, new, \$2.50 @ 3.00 per doz; carrots, 25c @ 30c per doz; cauliflower, \$1.75 per doz; cucumbers, hothouse, 25 @ 30c per doz; home-grown celery, 20 @ 25c per doz; eggplant, \$1.25 @ 1.50 per doz; green onions, 1 1/2 @ 2c per doz; green peppers, 35 @ 40c per basket; green beans, \$1.50 per doz; head lettuce, \$1.25 per doz; mint, 25c per doz; radishes, 20 @ 25c per doz; radishes, 10 @ 12c per doz; turnips, new, 25 @ 30c per doz; watercress, 25 @ 30c per doz; wax beans, 25c per bu.

FRUITS. Peaches—\$1 @ 1.25 per bu. Plums—\$1 @ 1.50 per bu. Buckberries—\$1.50 @ 1.75 per bu. Apples—New, \$1.50 @ 1.75 per bbl, 10 @ 75c per bu. Melons—Watermelon, 25 @ 40c each; Rocky, \$2.50 @ 3.00 per crate; 10 @ 75c per basket.

Peaches—Arkansas Elbertas, \$4 per bu, \$1.50 per 4-basket crate; Michigan, \$1.50 @ 2.00 per bu.

The individual garbage removal plan advocated by Ann Arbor council has been vetoed by the mayor as expensive and unsanitary, who does not believe the citizens would stick to their task.

An amendment to the constitution providing that the president and vice-president be elected for terms of six years instead of four and not be eligible to succeed themselves, has been introduced in congress by Rep. Fields, of Kentucky. Mr. Fields also offered an amendment making the terms of representatives three instead of two years.

OLD TRIALS BY WATER

INNOCENT WOULD SINK WHILE GUILTY WOULD FLOAT.

Modern Survival of the Ordeal in Dalmatia—How it is Employed by the Tibetans.

Throwing people into the water to let it determine their innocence or guilt was widely in use in the seventh and eighth centuries. A Synod of West Prussia, forbade its use in 1745. Sporadic cases, however, occurred during the whole of the nineteenth century.

Prof. E. P. Evans wrote in 1895 of its use in Dalmatia, where in some districts it was still customary to throw all the women into the water on a specified day to see whether they would sink or swim. A rope was attached to each in order to save from drowning those who proved their innocence by sinking, while those believed to be guilty because they floated were also rescued and made to promise to forsake their evil ways on pain of being stoned.

A traveler has described a modern survival of the ordeal used in detecting thieves in southern Russia, says the Dietetic and Hygienic Gazette. All the servants of the household where the robbery occurred were assembled and as many balls of bread were made as there were suspected persons.

A sorcerer then addressed each one of the number, saying that the particular ball of bread which she held in her hand would sink or swim as the party addressed was guilty or innocent. She then flung it into the water.

Boiling water was used in ordeals by the Persians and it is referred to in the Avesta. It contained both the sacred elements, water and fire, signifying the deluge past and the fiery doom of the future. In the simplest form of the hot water test the bare arm was plunged to the wrist in trivial cases, and to the elbow in more serious trials, usually to bring out rings or coins through the skin.

In Tibet plaintiff and defendant settle their cause judicially by plunging their arms into boiling water containing a black and a white stone, when he who brings up the white stone wins the verdict. A King of the Goths in the seventh century, with the sanction of the Council of Toledo, recommended the boiling test for crime.

Note of Discouragement. A Philadelphia lawyer who spends his summers in the Adirondacks tells an amusing story of a country bumpkin whose friend he was. The countryman was courting a girl of the countryside, but he grew discouraged over the progress of his love affair.

At times, when he was certain the girl loved him, he was gay to the point of being foolish. Then, again, when he thought he detected coolness, he was sad and dejected. He confided to the lawyer one day that he had balanced accounts, and was convinced the girl didn't want him. "And she's breaking it gently," he said. "She has such a delicate way of telling me, sir."

"How's that?" asked the lawyer. "O, she's just delicate, that's all," was the explanation. "We was settin' in the parlor las' night, and I wuzn't sayin' much, an' nuther wuz she, but she says, says she, 'Albert, did ye know that I's a twin an' my sister's a twin, an' my mother and her sister wuz twins, an' my grandmother and her sister wuz twins?'"—Philadelphia Times.

How the Blind Tell Time. The fingers of a blind man were skimming over the pages of a book in the reading room for the sightless in the New York public library, when he suddenly drew a watch from his pocket, opened the face, closed it with a snap, and then placed his book on the table, says the New York Times.

"It's 4 o'clock. I guess I'd better be going," he said to the librarian, Miss Lucille Gotthardt, who was hovering near to attend to the wants of her readers. The book was replaced on the shelf and the blind man rose and departed.

The blind man's telling time by a watch impressed a visitor, who asked Miss Gotthardt. "You will find that most blind persons carry watches, and often consult them. The watches are of the hunting case sort, but they have no crystal, and the numerals are embossed. The blind person opens the case and by pressing his fingers lightly on the face he can tell the time instantly by the position of the hands. The watches are especially made for the sightless, the hands being made differently, so they may be distinguished at once."

Classified. "What kind of a voice has that Mrs. Higby, anyhow?" asked Squiggles. "I don't know exactly," said Duddeligh. "I'm not up on voices, but I should say, judging from her pertinacity in singing 'Cavalleria Rusticana' from 7 a. m. to 10 p. m. every day of the week, that she's what you might call an 'intermezzo soprano.'"—Harper's Weekly.

Spring Training. "She is the most accomplished flirt at the beach." "We must remember that she got a start on the other girls. She went south last March for preliminary practice."—Exchange.

QUEER DISEASE IS IN UNITED STATES

Many Here Afflicted With Odd Ailment, Says Prof. Munyon.

GREWSOME CREATURES VERY COMMON, FINDS EXPERT.

Many people in the United States are afflicted with a queer disease, according to a statement yesterday by Professor James M. Munyon. He made the following remarkable and rather gruesome statement:

"Many persons who come and write to my headquarters at 634 and Jefferson Sts., Philadelphia, Pa., think they are suffering from a simple stomach trouble, when in reality they are the victims of a very serious disease—that of tapeworm. These tapeworms are large internal parasites, which locate in the upper bowels, and consume a large percentage of the nutriment in undigested food. They sometimes grow to a length of forty to sixty feet. One may have a tapeworm for years and never know the cause of his or her ill health.

"Persons who are suffering from one of these creatures are nervous, weak and irritable, and tire at the least exertion. The tapeworms rob one of ambition and vitality and strength, but they are rarely fatal.

"The victim of this disease is apt to believe that he is suffering from chronic stomach trouble, and doctors by a long and fruitless search, without relief. This is not the fault of the physicians he consults, for there is no absolute diagnosis that will tell positively that one is not a victim of tapeworm.

"The most common symptom of this trouble is an abnormal appetite. At times the person is ravenously hungry and cannot get enough to eat. At other times the very sight of food is loathsome. There is a gnawing,

SERIAL STORY The Girl of My Dreams

A Novelization of the Play by Wm. D. Nesbit and Otto Hauerbach Revised by WILBUR D. NESBIT

Copyright by W. D. Nesbit

SYNOPSIS

Harry Swift is expecting a visit from his fiancée, Lucy Medders, a Quaker...

CHAPTER XI—(Continued)

"Isn't it a lovely evening?" Then she began to sink gracefully upon the seat...

"I can't do a thing with my hair to-night," she observed, lifting her arms to pat it into shape.

"Won't you be seated?" he asked politely.

Carolyne slowly, carefully allowed herself to sit beside him, and to her evident relief there was no further sound of ripping.

"Isn't it funny," Pigeon said, "how lonesome a fellow gets at this time of the evening, if he is all alone?"

"Now, don't get sentimental," Carolyne said, tapping him playfully on the shoulder.

Simultaneously with her movement there was a sudden, short rip. She drew back in confusion.

"Is it wrong to get sentimental?" Pigeon asked, carelessly dropping his arm along the back of the seat and behind her, and at the same time hearing another vicious rip.

"It's silly to be sentimental," Carolyne declared, without a motion of any sort.

"I'm silly, am I?" Pigeon asked, sulkily.

"I didn't say that," she answered.

"You did!" "I didn't!" "You did, and I can prove it!" "I didn't, and I can prove it!"

Pigeon attempted to arise haughtily, but—rr-rr-rip!—he sat down again.

"I suppose," he said to her, pettishly, "you think I can't do anything?"

"You can't!" she replied, pouting, for she was angry because of the ripping, and naturally wanted to vent her wrath on the nearest object, which in this instance happened to be the poor youth.

"You can't. Doing nothing is the best thing you do!" Pigeon retorted.

"Boarding school woe!" Pigeon retorted. "Oh, well, there are plenty of other girls!"

"And don't you forget, Mister Williams," she snapped, with a heavy accent on the "Mister," "that there are plenty of other men!"

"She brought out the word 'men' with all the emphasis and meaning necessary to convey to him the idea that she regarded him as a boy."

Then she arose, utterly ignoring a terrific ripping noise, and strode into the house with the cold, heartless tread of a princess.

Pigeon got up with an air of gloom, and grasped his belt in a tight clutch and marched off, his steps being timed by staccato rips, which he did not locate as coming from the room wherein was Mrs. Blazes.

CHAPTER XII

Mrs. Blazes opened her window silently, and lowered to the ground a rope that was fearfully and wonderfully made.

She had used everything and anything, from pillow slips to the cords of the portieres.

She had enough rope to let her out of a six-story building, instead of from a window a scant twelve feet from the ground.

The end of the rope she tied to a table near the window. Then she looked down anxiously.

"It is dangerous," she sighed. The Count wandered into view. He was growing weary of waiting for the hat.

At sight of the rope he brightened up. "Jump out," he suggested.

"Silly!" she said; "I've got to climb down. Steady the rope."

He took hold of the lower end and straightened the rope against the building.

"But how in the world am I to climb down?" she demanded.

"Led yourself out slow, and den slide for life," he told her.

Their argument grew more intense. She was afraid to trust herself to the frail means of reaching the earth, and he was insistent that she should come down at once.

In the midst of their talk the front door opened. Mrs. Blazes heard the sound and darted back from the window, taking the rope in with her so swiftly that she left the Count standing with his hands in the air.

Amos Medders came slowly down the steps, looking intently at the Count, whom he could not recognize in the dark.

The Count had not heard him coming and could not understand why Mrs. Blazes had pulled the rope in so suddenly.

Count von Fitz was dumfounded when he was seized in a grip of iron and the cold tones of Medders came: "What are thee doing, scoundrel?"

General Blazes came up the walk at that instant. He had his hat in his hand and was still laboring under excitement. When he saw Medders struggling with the rope he leaped into the fray and separated them.

"What's happening?" he asked. "Well, I am surprised," Medders said. "I thought this foolish little man here was a burglar."

"What foolish little man?" Blazes asked. "This one they call a Count—this tutor. I thought he was trying to break into the house."

"Wouldn't be surprised if he was," Blazes asserted, vehemently. "Isn't your daughter in there? Isn't Harry's sister in there? These Counts will do anything to capture a girl with money."

"It is not so!" Count von Fitz sputtered, rubbing his neck. "Verily, there has a suspicious look."

"A gam dood thing I happened along," Blazes observed.

"A what, friend?" Medders inquired curiously.

"A gam dood thing—doesn't count, you know when you pass backwards."

"Verily," Medders said, "there be times when a man could cross sideways."

"Well," Blazes said, turning again to Count von Fitz. "It's a lucky thing for you there was nothing in the report that you were with my wife to port that to the one for whom it is intended. And neither will I with mine. You won't let any one see it!"

"Surely not," Primmer agreed.

"All right, that's a sacred compact. Let's all go in now."

And as he ushered them into the house Harry said things to himself because of his foolishness in paying seventy-five dollars for a hat when the duplicate was in the house all the time.

"And," he growled, "I've still got one coming from Daphne!"

"What did she say?" Medders asked, as they went into the reception room.

"I was saying that I hoped no one was coming this evening to break up our quiet little party."

(TO BE CONTINUED)

500 JAPANESE DIE IN TIDAL WAVE

LOSS WILL RUN INTO MANY MILLIONS; THOUSANDS ARE HOMELESS.

PENNSYLVANIA FLYER LEAVES TRACK WHILE GOING 70 MILES AN HOUR.

Coatsville, Pa., Feb. of 400 Men Drag Wounded Negro From Jail Chained to Cot, and Burn Him Alive.

More than 500 lives were lost and great devastation on land and sea resulted from the typhoon and tidal wave which swept upon Japan July 16, according to advices brought by the steamer Empress of Japan.

The fishing fleets from Shizuoka suffered severely, more than 200 fishermen being drowned.

At Tokio a tidal wave swept away many houses, including a large tea house with 33 persons. The small licensed quarters on Shimagawa bay were demolished, scores of persons being drowned, crushed to death or mortally injured.

The noted Shergawa inland-work factory collapsed and 15 employees were killed.

A tornado boat was swept in shore at Tokio and several steamers foundered, while big liners dragged anchors.

Eight of 40 men on the Acamori Maru typhoon when she went down in the typhoon off Kuno, and 100 fishermen were drowned there.

The Japanese naval training squadron was crossing off Tosa and two seamen were killed on the Hashidate and seven injured, three mortally. At Chiba 64 men who went to save a fishing depot, were caught in a tidal wave and 53 were drowned.

Thousands of houses collapsed, the number in Tokio and vicinity being over 12,000, according to official statistics.

The warehouse and factory districts of Tokio suffered severely, eight warehouses, containing goods worth \$16,000,000, being demolished. The loss there was more than \$4,000,000.

Eighteen-Hour Flyer in Wreck—Four Dead.

The Pennsylvania 18-hour train from Chicago to New York, was wrecked on the outskirts of Fort Wayne, while going at the rate of 70 miles an hour.

Two dead are known; two are missing and a score or more injured.

In leaving the rails the two engines, pulling the passenger train, sideswiped a freight engine and the three piled up in a mass of bent and twisted iron.

The train left Chicago at 2:14 in the afternoon and was due in Pittsburg at 11:46. The first trouble came at Winona, Ind., where the engines broke down. This caused a delay of more than an hour and when the new double-header was hitched on an attempt was made to make up time.

Burns Negro to Death.

A mob of 400 men battered down the doors of the Coatsville, Pa., hospital, dragged out Ezekiel Walker, a negro, charged with killing Special Policeman Rice, carried him half a mile, manacled to his hospital cot, and burned him alive.

The lynching was accomplished only after the negro, mad from pain, had leaped from the blazing pyre built over him, and tried to escape, dragging the bed to which he was bound by his handcuffs.

A crowd of 2,000 men, with fence rails and force him, shrieking, back into the flames. Three times he bounded up and three times was thrust back, until finally the quivering body fell into the fire.

Only then was the mob satisfied. The masked men walked back to the town and a half hour later they had dispersed as rapidly as they had gathered.

The killing has aroused the greatest indignation in the community and everything possible will be done to bring to justice the ringleaders of the mob.

Medical Building Burned at U. of M.

The western section of the old medical building of the University of Michigan, at Ann Arbor, was destroyed by fire. The blaze is thought to be of incendiary origin, as the building was unoccupied at the time and there were no live electric wires on either the third or fourth floor.

The fire broke out in the fourth floor of the west section of the building, and for two hours flames poured from every window on all four floors. The city water supply was insufficient, and the hydraulic pump of the engineering department was started, making available the water in the big marine tank of that department.

The thick walls between the east and west sections of the building, aided by the streams of water poured into the east section, kept the flames from spreading to that portion of the structure, though the inside of it is flooded.

More than 10,000 people were in Eaton Rapids for the farmers' picnic, given in connection with the G. A. R. encampment. It was the largest "roundup" that has been held in Eaton Rapids in 25 years.

R. G. Stuart, 73 years old, for 25 years a lumberman of Gratiot county, and a member of Gen. Garfield's regiment in the civil war, died in the hospital in Saginaw. He leaves a large family.

Glen Jackson, a 6-year-old boy, residing in Marshall, owes his life to his 8-year-old companion, according to the statement made by a local physician. The two were in the country when the Jackson boy was bitten by a rattlesnake. He began to cry, but his companion remained calm, and proceeded to suck the poison from the bite. As a result the lad will probably recover.

Good Chances in Burned Area.

The Northeastern Michigan Development bureau, through its secretary, F. E. Marston, of Bay City, is planning an energetic campaign for the late summer and fall, the effort to be specially directed at reclaiming the district that was burned over in the forest fires of this summer.

So much has been said and written about the land being burned out that the bureau believes it a good policy to exert the utmost effort in the direction of letting the people know that there are fine lands—just as good as ever—to be had in the district.

Years ago the now rich and fertile Thumb district was burned over, just like Millersburg, Au Sable and Oscoda and other cities, and in the run of the blackened trees and wastes towns there arose what is considered today to be one of the most prosperous sections of Michigan.

The land shows throughout the country will be well patronized this fall, and the state fair at Detroit will have another such an exhibit of products as was presented to thousands last year. This year the exhibits will mean far more; for they will tell a story of just such a land as was burned over this year.

Governor Reviews Troops at Port Huron.

Between 8,000 and 10,000 citizens from various parts of the state witnessed the governor, Gen. Abbey and his staff review the state troops on the Port Huron golf links Sunday afternoon.

The crowd was so dense surrounding the links that the soldiers had a hard time to get on the grounds until they fell in single file. The battery pieces and signal corps were unable to reach the grounds at all until some of the citizens in automobiles and on wagons were forced to move off the street.

As Gov. Osborn, attired in a black Prince Albert suit and a silk hat, rode in the lead with Gen. Abbey and his staff, he was greeted with prolonged cheers.

After the troops were formed, Gen. Abbey received them and presented them to the governor, and then they were inspected and reviewed.

Add \$100,000,000 to Value of Iron Mines

It is unofficially reported in Lansing that Engineer Finlay, engaged by the state tax commission to make a new valuation of the mining properties of the state, will recommend in his report that the valuations of the iron mines be boosted approximately \$100,000,000.

They are now assessed at about \$25,000,000, and the new figures place the value at \$125,000,000. This is the greatest increase ever made in any one class of property in the state, and is sure to occasion a great fight before the state tax commission and the state board of equalization. The report of Mr. Finlay is expected to be ready before the state board of equalization meets on Aug. 21.

Say Lines Must Buy Safeguards.

It is the intention of the state railroad commission to compel the electric lines of the state to equip dangerous curves and switches with safety devices in order to put a stop to the numerous accidents which have cost many lives during the past few months.

Chairman C. L. Glasgow has written to various manufacturers of safety devices and as soon as he receives quotations on the prices he will call a meeting of managers of Michigan electric lines and submit the proposition to them. He says that the roads must take immediate action as soon as a uniform system of protection for curves can be found.

Want Diaz Again.

Gen. Porfirio Diaz, former president of Mexico, who is stopping at Lucerne, Switzerland, has received many cablegrams from opponents of Francisco I. Madero urging him to return to Mexico and restore order.

One message from the Mexican society of New York informs the deposed executive that the society is getting up a huge petition begging him to intervene in the Mexican disorders. The society has re-elected Diaz as president.

Gen. Diaz does not heed these communications and is looking for a villa until the end of the season. His health is excellent and he takes short excursions into the surrounding country.

Shoots Wife, Daughter and Self.

Enraged by domestic trouble Henry Hitmasperger, of Hillsdale, aged about 50, shot and instantly killed his wife, Elizabeth, and his 13-year-old daughter, Christine, and fired a shot into his forehead in a vain attempt to kill himself.

When Sheriff Ritchie arrived Hitmasperger fired three times as the officer stepped from the cab which hurried him to the scene. All shots went wild and the murderer, weak from loss of blood, was overpowered and jailed. He may live.

M. N. G. in Camp at Port Huron.

Michigan's standing army, to wit the National Guard, which about 8,000 strong, began its annual encampment in a large stretch of real estate directly east of the city.

The hundreds of acres available for the encampment are of all sorts, from underbrush and clumps of trees and swales where the cattails grow, to level fields which, with a little work, would make fine baseball grounds.

Officers and men agree at first view of the site that it's fine. Practically the whole of it is sod, so even if it rains hard there will be no mud.

Gov. Harmon, of Ohio, was given a reception at the Grand hotel, Muskegon, and a large crowd attended.

The Board of Trade and subsidiary organizations have started a movement for an electric line to be run through Vassar, Caro, Cass City, Bad Axe and have a terminal at Harbor Beach. The third of the series of junket trips of the Wholesale and Manufacturers' association was made and the towns named were visited by automobiles. All the business men at each city have promised to assist the Saginaw boosting forces in promoting the line.

Their Day Dream

"There ought to be a garden out front," said Mrs. Neyrock suddenly from the depths of the porch hammock.

"Bully idea!" agreed Neyrock from the steamer chair. "Let's make one!" "Let's!" agreed Mrs. Neyrock.

They sprang to their feet simultaneously and dashed out through the porch screen door. The Neyrocks always do things that way. Neyrock had said when he came over to his country home for the week-end that he wanted a complete rest, but the garden idea hit him.

"Now, let's see," Neyrock mused as he grabbed the rake in one hand and the broom in the other from where they had been left against a tree. "Let's have it rambling and wild instead of formal. There must be winding paths—"

"And odd-shaped beds," from Mrs. Neyrock. "You can't dig with a rake, Henry. Get the spade."

Neyrock had spaded up quite a bit of earth when Lillimre came along. Lillimre is the sort of summer resort who dons spotless white flannels and a soft hat, next steps off the walk and fancies that he is getting close to nature.

"Hello!" said Lillimre over the front rail fence. "Will you please tell me why you are spilling the grass?" "There isn't any grass," insisted Neyrock. "Only this scrubby stuff. I am making a garden."

"You should plan it on paper first," said Lillimre. "Otherwise how in the world do you know whether you are digging beds or paths?" "That's so," said Mrs. Neyrock. "I'll get some paper!"

"You must have a pool in it," added Lillimre as he moved along. "I'll get the galvanized iron tub from the well," said Neyrock at that, "and put it down here—this is the pool."

"We might carry the bricks left over from the barn foundation," suggested Mrs. Neyrock brightly, "and lay them down to outline roughly the walks and beds!" "Splendid idea," said Neyrock.

At once they dropped the rake, the spade, the broom and the papers and pencils and began carrying bricks. They had to scatter them far apart to outline everything. Just as they were finishing the Crayfoots stopped their automobile out in front.

"How do?" said Crayfoot. "I hadn't any idea any one here was going to start a brickyard. Send me over a load for my new chicken house, will you?"

"It's a garden," explained Mrs. Neyrock, rather shortly. She was conscious that her hair was stringy, her dress horribly muddy and her usually white hands a sight from carrying brick.

"Oh!" murmured Mrs. Crayfoot from the machine, with all the exasperating sweetness of one in frilly, fluffy, immaculate attire. "Do you like that sort of thing?" "Cat!" muttered Mrs. Neyrock intensely as the machine plowed on. "She just loved to make me feel like a day laborer! Henry, I can't get the idea of a pool from an empty tub—I'm going to turn the hose into it and fill it!"

"All right," agreed Neyrock. "I think we're getting on splendidly. We probably can't get it all done today, but we can sketch it out. There ought to be an arbor at this curve in the walk, with vines over it—"

"Get the stepladder, and set it there so we'll remember it's an arbor, then," directed Mrs. Neyrock. "I wish I had something to sit on—gardening is hard work."

"Here," said Neyrock, turning over the hose reel, "sit on this."

"I am planning whether to have roses or poppies here," mused Mrs. Neyrock, "or would you advise tulips?" "Do you suppose there would be any room left for a few tomato vines?" inquired her husband.

"I've heard of gardens that had parsley instead of candytuff for borders," said Mrs. Neyrock eagerly.

"Hello!" said Bingle from over the fence. "What is the trouble? Has there been a fire, that you've moved everything into the front yard? But why save the bricks?"

"This," said Neyrock with as much dignity as one can show when there is earth on one's face, when perspiration has soaked one's collar and when one's shoes are covered with mud, "is a garden!"

"There will be roses here," explained Mrs. Neyrock, pointing at the spade, "and an arbor there," waving her hand at the stepladder, "and the main walk runs along that rake and I think I'll have nasturtiums here and pink phlox over—"

"Fine!" said Bingle. "But of course you realize that you can't start a garden now! It's months too late!"

There was an appalled silence on the part of the weary Neyrocks as they stared at each other.

Then Neyrock threw down the trowel on the only unoccupied spot on the lawn. "Aw, who wants an old garden anyhow!" he demanded as he stepped backward—and sat down in the galvanized iron tub which the hose had just filled to the brim.

A Cross-Country Run.

Property Man—Did your company have a long run in Squeezunk? Comedian—They chased us only two miles out.

THAT AWFUL BACKACHE

Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Morton's Gap, Kentucky—"I suffered two years with female disorders, my health was very bad and I had a continual backache which was simply awful. I could not stand on my feet long enough to cook a meal's victuals without my back nearly killing me, and I would have such dragging sensations I could hardly bear it."

I had soreness in each side, could not stand tight clothing, and was irregular. I was completely run down. On advice I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills and an enjoyable good health. It is now more than two years and I have not had an ache or pain since. I do all my own work, washing and everything, and never have the backache any more. I think your medicine is grand and I praise it to all my neighbors. If you think my testimony will help others you may publish it."

Mrs. O. L. WOODALL, Morton's Gap, Kentucky.

Backache is a symptom of organic weakness or derangement. If you have backache don't neglect it. To get permanent relief you must reach the root of the trouble. Nothing we know of will do this so surely as Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound.

Write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., for special advice. Your letter will be absolutely confidential, and the advice free.

EASY.

How do you manage to win so many guessing contests? Joe—Her father is in charge of the local weather bureau, and she gets him to predict the result of the contest, and then she guesses the other way.

To Be a Good Cook. "To be a good cook means the knowledge of all fruits, herbs, balsam and spices; and of all that is healing and sweet in fields and groves, savory in meats; it means carefulness, inventiveness, watchfulness, willingness and readiness of appliance; it means the economy of your great-grandmothers and the science of modern chemists; it means much testing and no wasting; it means English thoroughness, French art and Arabian hospitality; it means, in fine, that you are to be perfectly and always ladies (loaf-givers), and you are to see that everybody has something nice to eat."—Ruskin.

His Way of Life. "War is hell." "You seem to believe that in times of peace one should prepare for war."

AT THE PARSONAGE. Coffee Runs Riot No Longer.

"Wife and I had a serious time of it while we were coffee drinkers." "She had gastritis, headaches, belching and would have periods of sickness, while I secured a daily headache that became chronic."

"We naturally sought relief by drugs without avail, for it is now plain enough that no drug will cure the disease another drug (coffee) sets up, particularly, so long as the drug which causes the trouble is continued."

"Finally we thought we would try leaving off coffee and using Postum. I noticed that my headaches disappeared like magic, and my old 'trembling nervousness' left. One day wife said, 'Do you know my gastritis has gone?'"

"One can hardly realize what Postum has done for us."

"Then we began to talk to other coffee drinkers and sufferers. Their headaches left entirely a short time after they changed from coffee to Postum."

"I began to enquire among my parishioners and found to my astonishment that numbers of them use Postum in place of coffee. Many of the ministers who have visited our parsonage have become enthusiastic champions of Postum. Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich."

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in paper. There's a good reason for it. It tells you all about Postum. Send for it today.

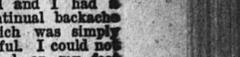
Send for the above book. It tells you all about Postum. Send for it today.



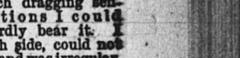
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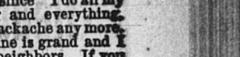
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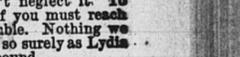
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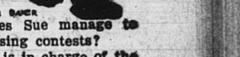
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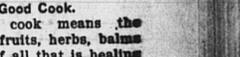
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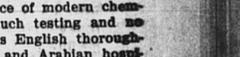
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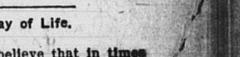
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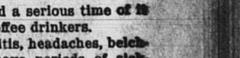
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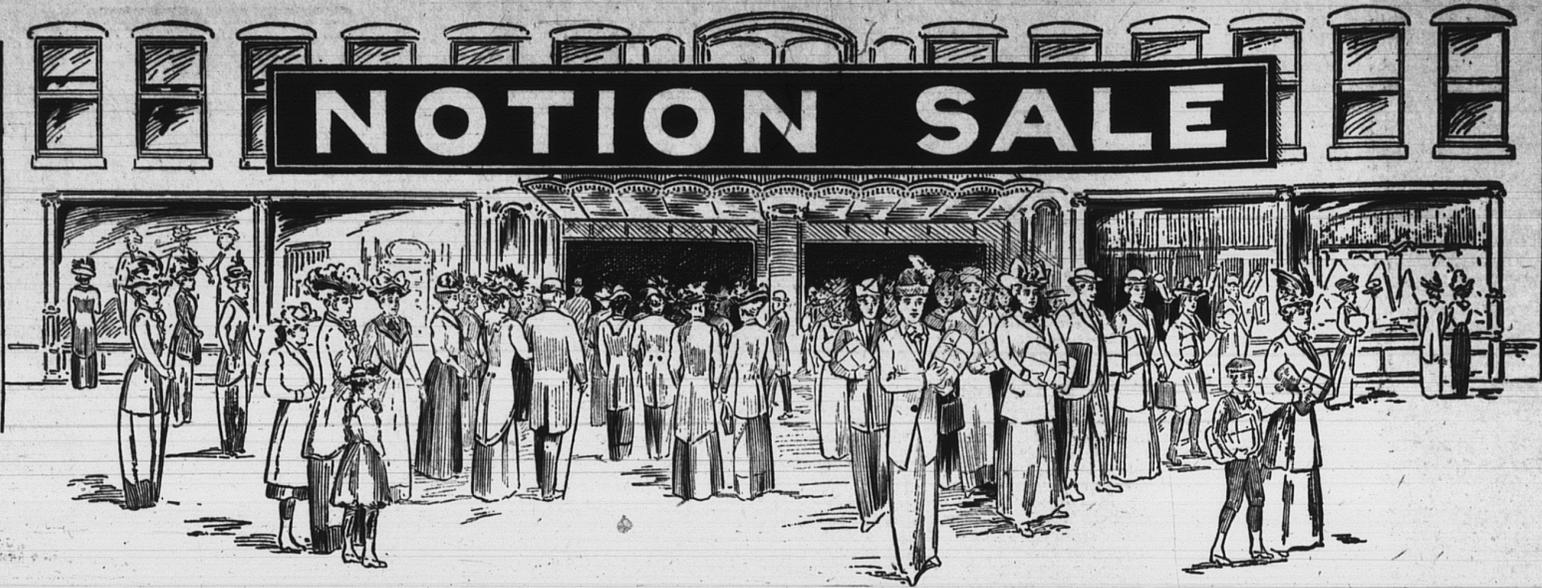


Genes born.



Genes born.





Read Every Word in This Adv. More Important Store News Was Never Announced in this County

Our Twelfth Sale of Notions and Remnants begins Saturday, August 19, and ends Thursday evening, August 31. This is this season's final clean-up of Remnants, Odds and Ends, Surplus and Broken Lots from all Departments, at RECORD SMASHING LOW PRICES. We thoroughly appreciate that we will have to make very low prices on these Remnants and Odds and Ends, to clean out every item during this sale, and we have done it, too. You can't afford to skip a single item in this advertisement, as it surely means a saving of money to you to get these seasonable goods at these prices.

Remnants Remnants

Every Remnant of every kind is measured and marked. A great many as low as

ONE-THIRD TO ONE-HALF OFF

our usual selling price, and they are all piled throughout the store where customers can look them over and make their own selections.

We have this sale each year and take this time to clean up all remnants throughout the entire store.

Remnants of Dress Goods

At this sale we shall offer an especially large lot of highest grade black and colored Dress Goods Remnants. These are marked very low, some as low as ONE-HALF of our regular price. This is an opportunity to get a skirt pattern or short length for a dress very cheap. Be sure and give this table a "look."

- Remnants of \$1.25 and \$1.50 black Dress Goods, 85c.
- Remnants of \$1.00 black Dress Goods, 59c.
- Remnants of \$1.25 colored dress goods, 69c.
- Remnants of \$1.00 colored Dress Goods, 59c.

Coats, Suits and Skirts

All Women's Coats, Suits and Skirts at Notion Sale Prices. Every Woman's light weight Coat ONE-THIRD to ONE-HALF OFF regular selling prices.

Six Children's Summer Capes, were \$5.00 and \$6.00, now \$1.98 each.

Eight Women's Summer Capes, were \$10.00 and \$12.00, now \$2.50 each.

All Women's Rubberized Auto Coats in two lots, some less than half price, at \$2.50 and \$3.50.

Every Woman's Suit (black only excepted) at exactly Half Price.

All Skirts reduced. Some were \$5.00, now \$2.00. Some were \$6.00, now \$3.75. Some were \$7.50, now \$4.50.

All Children's Summer Coats at HALF PRICE.

Ready-to-Wear Wash Dresses

Women's, Misses' and Children's Ready-to-Wear Wash Dresses at Rummage Prices. These Dresses are all this season's make, but many are soiled and mused from handling, and we don't intend they shall be here in a very few days. Out these go now.

All \$5.00 fine Gingham or Lawn Dresses at \$3.00.

All \$4.00 fine Gingham or Lawn Dresses at \$2.75.

All \$3.00 fine Gingham or Lawn Dresses at \$1.98.

All \$2.50 fine Gingham or Lawn Dresses at \$1.50.

All \$2.00, \$1.50 and \$1.25 Lawn House Dresses, (light colors only—no dark left) now \$1.19, 98c and 69c. These will be sold the first day.

All Children's Wash Dresses, marked at above rate. Two years to fourteen years.

Seven Women's New Silk Dresses at exactly HALF PRICE. Now, \$5.00, \$6.25 and \$7.50, and they are beautiful dresses, too.

Muslin Underwear

All Muslin Underwear to be closed out. A final disposal of broken lines and soiled and mused garments, at less than wholesale.

Following are a few items picked at random:

Five Embroidery Flounced \$5.00 Petticoats, now \$2.25.

Four Embroidery Flounced \$2.50 Petticoats, now \$1.39.

Five Embroidery \$3.50 Gowns, now \$2.39.

Six Embroidery Trimmed \$1.50 Gowns, now 98c

Shoe Department

All odd pairs of Shoes for Men, Women or Children, this or last season's make, must be sold.

Children's Shoes, sizes 8 to 13, at 89c.

Women's Shoes, were up to \$3.50, now \$1.50 and \$2.25.

All Women's Oxfords must go, were up to \$3.50, now \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2.25.

Any Man's \$4.00 Oxfords now \$2.90.

Any Men's \$3.50 Oxfords now \$2.45.

Other \$4.00 and \$3.50 Men's Oxfords now \$2.00 and \$2.25.

Lace Curtains

1 1/2 pair of \$1.50 Muslin Ruffled Curtains, 85c per pair.

2 lots \$3.00 Cream Lace Curtains, \$1.89 per pair.

1 lot \$4.50 Ruffled Net Curtains, \$2.25 per pair.

2 lots \$1.50 White Nottingham Curtains, 89c per pair.

1 lot of \$3.25 White Nottingham Curtains, \$1.75 per pair.

1 lot of \$5.98 Cream Nottingham Curtains, \$3.25 per pair.

All Remnants of Lace Curtains, not over two of a kind, at HALF PRICE.

NOTIONS NOTIONS

In this sale of notions we give better values and more notions than in any one of our previous eleven Notion and Remnant Sales. We offer the best of Notions only, only such reliable items as we regularly carry in stock, and in no case any trashy goods. Just a sale of regular, staple Yankee Notions at reduced prices, and a general clean-up of all remnants and odds and ends of season's end of goods.

Anything in this list will be sold for **1c**

- 1 Roll Cotton Tape, all widths
- 1 Colored Bordered Handkerchief
- 1 Gold 5c Collar Button
- 1 Bone Embroidery Stiletto
- 1 Extra Long Hatpin
- 1 Box Invisible Hairpins
- 1 Paper, 280, Adamantine Pins
- 1 Aluminum Thimble
- 1 Bone Crochet Hook
- 1 Piece Sewing Wax
- 1 Piece Japanese Ironing Wax
- 1 Card Black Darning Cotton
- 1 Box Jet Head Pins
- 1 Flat Corset Lace
- 1 Penholder
- 1 Card Hooks and Eyes
- 1 Fringed Wash Cloth
- 5 Brass Curtain Rings
- 1 Lead Pencil with Eraser
- 6 Bone Collar Buttons
- 1 Pair Men's Shoe Laces
- 1 Pair Women's Shoe Laces
- 1 Dozen White Pearl Buttons
- 1 Curtain Loop
- 1 60-inch Tape Measure
- 2 Papers Wire Hairpins
- 1 Spring Mouse Trap
- 2 Gold Beauty Pins

Anything in this list will be sold for **2c**

- 1 Four-yard Corset Lace
- 1 Card of 6 dozen Agate Buttons
- 1 Woman's Nickel Thimble
- 1 60-inch Satine Tape Measure
- 1 Elastic Corset Lacer
- 1 Dozen Safety Pins, sizes 2, 2 1/2, 3
- 1 Darning Egg with handle
- 1 Wood Handled Button Hook
- 1 Paper 400 Pins
- 1 Spool 200 yds. Sewing Thread
- 1 Spool French Darning Cotton
- 1 Turkish Wash Cloth
- 1 Spool Coates Darning Cotton
- 1 White Hemstitched Handkerchief
- 4 Ex. Long Jet Head Hatpins
- 1 Card Patent Hooks and Eyes
- 1 Dozen Good Pearl Buttons
- 1 Wood Coat Hanger
- 1 White Curtain Loop
- 1 Box Toothpicks
- 1 Paper Watson Needles
- 1 Child's Bib
- 1 5c Cabinet Wire Hair Pins
- 1 Cake Fancy Toilet Soap

Anything in this list will be sold for **3c**

- 1 Dozen Fine Pearl Buttons
- 1 Man's Hemstitched Handkerchief
- 1 Woman's Hemstitched Hdkf
- 1 Child's Bib
- 1 Cab. Petite Wire Hairpins
- 1 Paper very best 5c Pins
- 1 Cube Jet Head Pins

Anything in this list will be sold for **4c**

- 1 6-yard Piece Fine Finishing Braid
- 1 Card Fine Pearl Buttons
- 1 Pure Linen Hemstitched Hdkf
- 1 Card of three Shell Hairpins
- 1 Fine Rubber Dressing Comb
- 1 Fine Rubber Comb
- 1 Dozen Fancy Lace Pins
- 1 Cube of 100 Jet Head Pins
- 1 Large Wire Hairpin Cabinet
- 1 500-yard Spool Basting Thread
- 1 Spool Embroidering Flossette
- 1 4 1/2-yard Linen Extra Corset Lacer
- 1 Dozen Kid Curlers
- 1 Corset Steel
- 1 Curling Iron
- 1 Chamois Skin
- 1 Asbestos Iron Holder
- 1 Child's Bib
- 1 Good Tooth Brush
- 1 Cake Fairy Soap
- 1 Paper Ajax Pins
- 1 Card Collar Supporters
- 1 Tracing Wheel
- 1 Card 4 Asst. Gold Collar Button
- 1 Man's Hemstitched Hdkf
- 1 Man's Red or Blue Hdkf
- 1 Invisible Hairnet
- 1 Cake 10c Glycerine Soap

Anything in this list will be sold for **8c**

- 1 Box Fancy Talcum Powder
- 1 Box of 6 Moore's Push Pins
- 1 Good Chamois Skin
- 1 Dozen Large Kid Curlers
- 1 Skirt Marker
- 1 8-in Pyraline Dressing Comb
- 1 Card of 3 Large Hairpins
- 1 Child's Eating Bib
- 1 Pierce Bias Seam Binding
- 1 Violet Hairpin Cabinet
- 1 Pair Best Corset Steels
- 1 Embroidery Hoop, spring
- 1 Pair Any Arm Shields

Anything in this list will be sold for **8c**

- 1 Child's Romper
- 1 Collar Pin
- 1 Belt Pin
- 1 Hair Roll
- 1 Ceylon Floss Pillow
- 1 Clothes Brush
- 1 Woman's Hand Emb. Linen Hdkf
- 1 Pair Shears
- 1 Rubber Dressing Comb
- 1 Woman's Brassiere
- 1 Bristle Hair Brush
- 1 6-yard Piece Embroidery

Anything in this list will be sold for **13c**

- 1 Barrette
- 1 Pair Nickel Shears
- 1 Antiseptic Corn File
- 1 Piece Feather Edge Braid
- 1 Baby's Lace Trimmed Bib
- 1 Boys' Pocket Knife
- 1 Woman's Linen Hemst'd Hdkf
- 1 Dozen Fancy Pearl Buttons
- 1 Good Tooth Brush
- 1 Pair Pin On Supporters, all sizes
- 1 Skirt Gauge
- 1 5-yd Piece Wash Ribbon
- 1 6-yd Piece of Finishing Braid

Anything in this list will be sold for **13c**

- 1 Pair 25c Beauty Pins
- 1 25c Belt Pin
- 1 Pair 25c Side Combs
- 1 Pair Embroidery Scissors
- 1 Marcel Hair Net
- 1 Pair 5-inch Scissors
- 1 Bristle Hair Brush
- 1 Good Tooth Brush
- 1 Card of Pearl Buttons
- 1 6-yd Piece of Finishing Braid
- 1 Child's Bib
- 1 Barrette, new style
- 1 Manicure Brush
- 1 Woman's Embroidered Hdkf
- 1 Pair Pin On Hose Supporters
- 1 Woman's Linen Hdkf
- 1 25c Jabot
- 1 35c Embroidered Collar Top
- 1 Pair Large Shears

Anything in this list will be sold for **18c**

- 1 Box of Paper and Envelopes
- 1 18x18 Ceylon Floss Pillow
- 1 Back Comb
- 1 35c Belt Pin, asst. styles
- 1 Pair Pad Hose Supporters
- 1 Pair Scissors
- 1 Pair 8-in Ball Bearing Shears
- 1 Pair 25c Side Combs
- 1 25c Tooth Brush
- 1 Dressing Comb
- 1 Barrette, new style
- 1 Clothes Brush
- 1 Fancy Metal Belt Pin
- 1 25c Whisk Broom
- 1 25c Rubber Dressing Comb

Anything in this list will be sold for **23c**

- 1 Child's Romper
- 1 Collar Pin
- 1 Belt Pin
- 1 Hair Roll
- 1 Ceylon Floss Pillow
- 1 Clothes Brush
- 1 Woman's Hand Emb. Linen Hdkf
- 1 Pair Shears
- 1 Rubber Dressing Comb
- 1 Woman's Brassiere
- 1 Bristle Hair Brush
- 1 6-yard Piece Embroidery

Remnants of Silks

We have lots of ends of Silks in blacks, light and dark colors; all measured and marked at prices that will rush them out quickly.

Every piece marked at ONE-FOURTH to ONE-HALF OFF our usual selling price.

This department has a number of colored fancy and Foulard Silk Dress Patterns, 14 to 18 yards, that are marked are marked at ridiculously low prices.

\$1.00 quality at 69c \$1.25 quality at 79c

Big lot of Silk Remnants especially usable for Petticoats and for Waists.

Linen Remnants

We have put every remnant and soiled piece of Table Damask into this Remnant Sale to be sold out at cost, and some at less than cost.

- \$1.50 Linen Damask Remnants, now \$1.12 1/2.
- \$1.25 Table Damask Remnants, now 94c.
- \$1.00 Table Damask Remnants, now 72c.
- \$1.00 half bleach purest Linen Damask Remnants, now 75c.
- 65c half bleach purest Linen Damask Remnants, now 48c.
- Lots of Crash Remnants will be sold at less than cost. Some soiled, others mused, but all very cheap.
- Cotton Crash Remnants at 4c per yard.
- Rure-Linen Crash Remnants 6 1/2c to 14c per yard.
- Bleached Fancy Crashes at 8 1/2c to 35c per yard.
- A few Remnants of 25c Pullman Crash 17 1/2c per yard.
- Odd lots of half dozens of Soiled Napkins, very cheap.

Cotton Goods Remnants

This table is always a most interesting place during this sale.

- Remnants, soiled, 45-inch very best Utica 25c Pillow Casing, per yard, 17 1/2c.
- Remnants of best Prints, per yard, 5 1/2c
- Remnants of 12 1/2c and 15c Percales, per yard, 8 1/2c and 10 1/2c.
- Remnants of 10c and 15c Shirtings, per yard, 8 1/2c and 11c.
- Remnants of Outings, per yard, 7 1/2c and 8 1/2c.
- Remnants of 35c Anderson's American Gingham, per yard, 16c.
- Remnants of 19c and 15c Best Dress Gingham, per yard, 9 1/2c and 11c.
- Remnants of Apron and Dress Gingham, per yard, 6 1/2c and 7 1/2c
- Remnants and Odd Pieces of Good Val. Laces, yard, 2 1/2c.
- Another Lot Val. Laces, per yard, 4 1/2c.
- Remnants of Embroidery, all kinds, at about Half Price.

Clothing Department

Look at the prices on Men's Suits shown in our window. You may think you don't need a new suit right now, but anybody needs one at these prices.

SEE WINDOW FOR PRICES

Boys' Knickerbocker Suits in large assortment of patterns, including Blues, and all of the celebrated XTRA GOOD make. Every suit guaranteed satisfactory.

DURING AUGUST WE OFFER

\$5.00 Suits \$3.75. \$6.00 Suits \$4.50. \$8.00 Suits \$6.00. Now is the-time to buy that School Suit

SPECIAL PRICES on all Men's and Boys' Hats for balance of this month.

Men's Blue Overalls, with bib, best 65c quality, Notion Sale Price, 50c.

Boys' Odd Pants, during sale, ONE-FOURTH OFF the regular price.

Large lot of Men's 50c Ties, Notion Sale Price, 33c. Special value in Men's Hosiery—Guaranteed to wear SIX MONTHS without darning, or new pair free. Black, Tan or grey. Per pair, 15c

Grocery Department

GROCERIES AT "NOTION SALE" PRICES

During this sale we will sell Groceries very cheap. We buy nothing but the best grade of everything in this department and as we are at no extra expense in running this department, we can and do sell Groceries cheap.

WE OFFER DURING THIS SALE:

- Best Broken Rice, lb. 2c
- Best Bulk Starch, lb. 2c
- Good Japan Rice, lb. 4c
- Best Table Salt, 5c sack, 3c
- Best Ginger Snaps, lb. 7c
- Best Crackers, lb. 6c
- Arm & Hammer Soda, lb. 5c
- Muzzy Gloss or Corn Starch, 5c
- Try our Coffees
- Yeast Foam, 2 for 5c
- 10c can I. C. Bkg Powder, 6c
- 16c can I. C. Bkg Powder, 10c

Our Canned Goods are the best

H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.

HARNESSES.

Mr. C. Steinbach has just received a consignment of Single and Light Double Harness from one of the largest and best Harness Factories in the country. All interested in a fine up-to-date Harness are invited to call and inspect them. Interesting points of merit will be shown that will convince the most sceptical of their utility, and that it pays to look around and post yourself before purchasing. You will find the Harness very attractive in price as well as in looks. Call and see them.

C. STEINBACH.



Central Meat Market.

Get in line with a fine ROAST BEEF, PORK OR CHICKEN for your Sunday dinner. Sausages of all kinds. Fresh Lake Fish Fridays. Lard 11c
EPPLER & VANRIPER
Free Delivery. Phone 41

Don't Wait Until The Last Minute

You Know Right Now Whether You Ought to Fix up Things.

If you are going to repair or do any building this season, no matter how small your order may be, we will appreciate it and give you the best service. The Best Price. The Best Lumber.

CHELSEA ELEVATOR COMPANY

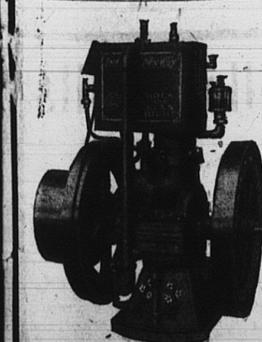


Missed the Train?

Well not if you bought you watch at Winans & Son's. One might better go without a time-piece than carry a poor one. All is not gold that glitters and the poorest watch movement is often hidden beneath an attractive case. We recommend the South Bend Watch and give our guarantee with every one sold. Can't we show them to you.

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Jeweler and Optician.

THE "NEW WAY" AIR COOLED ENGINES



The Only Farm Engines That Give the Power Without the Trouble

Guaranteed to cool better than the Water Way. Guaranteed to do hard, continuous work in any climate or altitude.

Pumps water, saws wood, runs feed grinder, corn sheller, cob crusher, cuts fodder, fills silo, drills wells. Runs washing machine, churn, cream separator, etc., while the wife gets breakfast.

When engine power is wanted, it should be ready at once. Delays cost money and waste time. The "NEW WAY" is always ready anywhere, any time, in any weather, because there is no water tank to fill, no frozen pump or pipes to thaw out.

The best farm engine on the market. Just the one you want. Call at our store and see the engine run.

GEO. H. FOSTER & SON
Agents for Washtenaw County.

CORRESPONDENCE.

FRANCISCO NOTES.

Glady and Irene Richards are spending this week in Chelsea.
Rev. Rorer presiding elder spent Monday at the parsonage here.
Miss Bernice Guthrie, of Battle Creek, is a guest of her aunt, Mrs. H. Kruse.
Catherine Lehman spent several days of last week with her sister in Waterloo.
Quarterly meeting will be held in the German M. E. church Sunday, August 20.
Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Musbach spent Sunday in Freedom with Mr. Koebbe and family.
Fred Kruse, of Bunker Hill, spent Sunday with his parents and other relatives here.
James Richards and family entertained Geo. Runciman and wife of Chelsea Sunday.
Emery and Truman Lehman spent over Sunday with E. J. Musbach and family near Munith.
W. Kalmbach and family, of South Lyons, spent Sunday with Mrs. M. Kalmbach and family.
Mrs. P. Youngs and daughters Inez, and Irene and Mabel Kalmbach will start Thursday for Williamston to spend a week.
Miss Elizabeth Hartman, of Grand Rapids, spent several days of last week with Miss Ricka Kalmbach and Mrs. H. Harvey.
Albert Vance and family, of Ithica, were guests of Leonard Loveland and family Wednesday. Mrs. Vance is a sister of Mr. Loveland.
Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Harvey and daughter, of Roots' Station, and Mr. and Mrs. John Walz, of Chelsea, spent Sunday at the home of H. Harvey.

SUGAR LOAF LAKE.

Mrs. S. L. Leach is entertaining two fresh air children from Detroit this week.
Mrs. Meanwell, of Detroit, is spending the week with relatives in this vicinity.
Carl Koeltz had a horse killed by lightning during the storm early Tuesday morning.
Mrs. Gerald Dealy lost a good cow last week which choked to death while eating apples.
Mrs. D. N. Collins and daughter, Esther, are visiting the former's mother at Fenton.
Mr. and Mrs. Devere, of Detroit, are spending this week at the home of John Britenbach.
Miss Margaret Gulnan attended the teachers examination which was held in Ann Arbor last week.
Mr. and Mrs. Luke Gulnan spent Thursday and Friday of last week with the former's mother in Freedom.
Miss Nina Beeman spent several days of last week at the home of Frank Ellsworth, of Stockbridge.
Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Rowe and Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Rowe attended the funeral of Reuben Finch at Pinckney Sunday.
Wm. Zick and family, of Jackson, spent the first of the week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George W. Beeman.
The People's Society of the U. B. church will social at the home of Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Leach, Friday, August 25.

WATERLOO DOINGS.

Wm. Barber spent Monday in Jackson.
Miss Isabelle Gorton is spending a few days in Detroit.
Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Beeman entertained Wm. Zick and family Sunday.
Thomas Collins, of Jackson, spent Sunday with friends and relatives here.
Mrs. L. L. Gorton attended the Purchase reunion at Dearborn Wednesday.
Mrs. D. Collins and daughter Esther are spending some time with her mother in Fenton.
C. A. Barber and Mr. and Mrs. Ezra Moschel attended the Barber picnic at Pleasant Lake Saturday.
Miss Garnet Pierce and friend of Traverse City, spent a couple of days of the past week at L. L. Gorton's.
Mrs. Geo. Schalle and daughters, of Ann Arbor, spent several days of last week with her sister, Mrs. C. A. Barber.
Miss Marie Armstrong, who has been spending some time with her grandparents, returned to her home in Jackson Thursday.
The Y. P. C. U. of the second U. B. church Waterloo will give a daisy supper Friday evening, August 25, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Springfield Leach. Come and have a daisy time.

SHARON NEWS.

A. Bahmiller is working for Heschelwerdt Bros.
The W. H. M. S. met with Mrs. Verona Fletcher, of Chelsea, Wednesday.
H. L. Renau and Mrs. Kuhl, of Manchester, called at H. J. Reno's Sunday.
Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Dorr called at the home of Geo. Craft near Grass Lake Tuesday.
Mr. and Mrs. Henry Kleinschmidt and daughter Frances, of Scio, visited at H. J. Reno's Sunday.
Mrs. Mary Ayers, of Ionia, and Mrs. Geo. Preston, of Grass Lake, visited at the home of Fred Lehman this week.
Mrs. Carl Ashfal, of Grass Lake township, accompanied by her mother Mrs. Arling and sister Nettie of Ann Arbor, spent Tuesday at the home of Geo. Klumpff.
Mr. and Mrs. S. Heschelwerdt and daughter Olga and Miss Jennie Dresselhouse made an auto trip to Detroit Tuesday accompanied by an agent for the Reo automobile.
Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Trolz and daughter Florence and Mr. and Mrs. John Bruestle and children drove to George Klumpff's in Grass Lake township Sunday afternoon in Trolz's auto.
John Leeman, who came here two weeks ago from Leroy, Kansas, to visit relatives and friends, left here the first of the week enroute for Shepherd, Mich., to visit Rev. and Mrs. N. P. Brown.

LIMA CENTER NEWS.

Mr. and Mrs. Mason Whipple spent Sunday in Jackson.
Mrs. Mary Yaeger is entertaining a niece from Pontiac.
Mrs. J. Barelis, of St. Louis, Mo., is visiting relatives here.
Cora and Anna Hinderer spent last week at Pleasant Lake.
Mrs. Dake, of Milford, is visiting her sister, Mrs. A. B. Storms.
George Whittington spent Sunday in Ann Arbor with Chas. Morse.
Mrs. Lena Guerin, of Chelsea, spent Monday afternoon with Miss Estella Guerin.
Mrs. Morse, of Lyons, is spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. B. Keyes.
Harry Hammond, of Lima, and Miss Eva Sharpe, of Ann Arbor, were married in Detroit Saturday. They will visit relatives in Kalamazoo and return home the last of the week.

LYNDON CENTER.

Wm. Cassidy jr. spent Friday in Jackson.
Miss Mabel Dealy who has been spending the past week in Detroit returned home Saturday.
Miss Mary Dealy, of Detroit, spent Sunday at the home of her mother, Mrs. G. Dealy, of Lyndon.
Mr. and Mrs. John Walsh, of Sylvan, and Mr. and Mrs. Whalen, of Chicago, spent Tuesday in Detroit.
Mrs. P. T. Welsh and daughter Patricia, of Ft. Wayne, Ind., Leo Pohoy, of Marquette, Miss Veronica Pohoy and niece, of Pinckney, spent the latter part of last week at the home of Wm. Cassidy.

SYLVAN HAPPENINGS.

A number from here spent last Thursday in Jackson.
Vera and Elba Gage are visiting relatives in Carson City this week.
Miss Elizabeth Monks is spending sometime at the home of Otto Weber.
Miss Tressa Hemple, of Rochester, New York, has been visiting relatives here.
Margaret Gieske and Gertrude Forner spent Monday at the home of D. Heim.
Mr. and Mrs. G. Foster, of Grass Lake, spent Monday at the home of Fred Taylor.

WISE



Mrs. Ackett (in grocery)—Don't you give a baker's dozen?
Grocer (counting eggs)—No'm. This is an unlucky number and I'm very superstitious.

KING GEORGE AN ATHLETE

His Majesty Has Practiced Most Forms of Manly Exercise and Especially Likes Shooting.
The king's reception at Buckingham palace recently of the team of polo players who are to represent England in the United States, recalls the fact that his majesty played regularly when he was a naval lieutenant. He was a good player, too, and could hold his own with some of the best representatives of the two services. Almost every form of manly exercise has been practiced by his majesty, and there is not the slightest doubt that every kind of sport will benefit enormously during his reign.
Shooting, of course, holds the warmest place in his majesty's affections. "I love a gun," he confessed recently, "but I am almost as happy when I am fishing the pools of Dee with a long day before me."
Next to shooting and fishing, King George's warmest admiration is reserved for the Rugby code of football. Not long ago he expressed the opinion that Rugby was the ideal game for all ranks of the army and navy, as it kept the men "fit," taught them to realize the virtues of self-discipline, and to withstand hard knocks.
Then, again, his majesty is a capital swimmer, and has actually saved life from drowning. This interesting event took place when, as a youth, he went around the world with his brother in the Hecchante. A bluejacket fell overboard and King George went in after him and held him up until assistance arrived.
In the "boom" period of cycling, his majesty was often seen a wheel; while cricket, of course, he has constantly played and continues to follow with the interest of a keen observer.

Can't Lose 'Em.

After 25 years a wandering suitor has returned to claim his affianced of a quarter of a century ago. The day before the couple were to have been married the young man was ordered west for his health. He went to California and for a time continued his correspondence, but through changes in address the correspondence ceased. Seven years ago the young lady went to live with the family of a wealthy real estate man in Jamaica. Recently she has been morose and told her unhappiness was due to her continued single blessedness. She then decided to tell her story to a newspaper and the account of her long wait for the wandering suitor, along with the information that she had saved considerable money, brought forth many applications for her favor. One who chanced to read it was her old "fame." He sought out his former sweetheart, a few minutes sufficed to revive the youthful pangs and arrangements were quickly made for the wedding. Now, this all sounds romantic enough for us, but what we want to know is whether it was the news of his sweetheart's whereabouts or her wherewithal that made the wandering lover "come back." Can anybody tell?

A Natural Inquiry.

A number of men gathered in the smoking-car of a train from Little Rock to another point in Arkansas were talking of the food best calculated to sustain health.
One Arkansan, a stout, florid man with short gray hair and a self-satisfied air, was holding forth in great style.
"Look at me!" he exclaimed. "Never a day's sickness in my life! And all due to simple food. Why, gents, from the time I was 20 to when I reached 40 years I lived a regular life. None of these effeminate delicacies for me! No late hours! Every day, summer and winter, I went to bed at 9; got up at 5; lived principally on corned beef and corn bread. Worked hard, gents, worked hard from 8 to 1, then dinner, plain dinner, then an hour's exercise, and then—"
"Excuse me," interrupted a stranger who had remained silent, "but what were you in for?"—Housekeeper.

Almost an Angel.

George Ade was talking at a June wedding in Chicago about matrimony.
"Matrimony is perhaps a little too much idealized," he said. "These June brides, radiant under their white veils in a glitter of June sunshine, seem capable of changing earth to heaven, but, as a matter of fact, they are not capable of anything of the sort."
"I am in hearty sympathy with old Brown, to whom young Black said at a wedding:
"A good wife can make a veritable angel of a man."
"Yes, that's so," old Brown agreed. "My wife came near making one of me with her first batch of doughnuts."
Confident Assertion.
"Well, Charley, dear," said young Mrs. Torkins, "I don't know much about baseball."
"You truly don't," replied her husband.
"But I'd be willing to leave it to the boys on the bleachers if I don't know more about the game than that umpire who gave three straight decisions against us."
A Fixture.
"Mistress—Are you sure you'll stay with us, Bridget?"
"Cook (on her hundredth job)—Faith an' I will. Don't you suppose I know an alay mark when I see wan?—Harper's Basar.

HONOR THEIR WOMEN

MEN OF INDIA HIGHLY ESTEEM THE GENTLER SEX.

Native Author Corrects Western Fallacy and Asserts His Fellow Countrymen Never Compelled Widows to Make the Suttee Sacrifice.

Contrary to the usual western belief, said Carath Kumar Ghosh, the Indian author, Indian women are more highly esteemed by their husbands even than their western sisters. The Indian is taught veneration for women from his earliest boyhood. Any unkindness to a wife is supposed to be swiftly followed by misfortune and a man's prayers are of no effect unless his wife joins in them with all sincerity. At a coronation the presence of the sovereign's wife is of the utmost importance. Should she be unable to appear a statue of her must be placed at her husband's side. Otherwise the ceremony is not legal. The standard of morality, the lecturer asserted, is higher in India than in England. The Indian, it is true, is legally allowed to take a second wife should his first marriage prove childless, but it is most rare to hear of an Indian availing himself of this privilege.
When the princess of Wales visited India she was regarded with the greatest veneration, not merely for her charm of manner or the fact that one day she would be empress of India but for the fact that she had five sons. Death was not forced on any widow, the lecturer asserted. They were free to choose for themselves. If they did not feel called upon to make the sacrifice of suttee they were always at liberty to refuse. However, should they desire to sacrifice themselves the act brought them a crown of martyrdom, earning for themselves the title of "Devi." It was an error to think they were burnt alive. A cup of poison was drunk and cremation followed.
Finally Mr. Ghosh related that a prediction calling down disaster on a man passed harmlessly over a woman, her moral standing being the higher of the two. The great diamond of India, the Kohinur, carried with it a curse to the effect that its wearer would rule over India, but die a sudden death. A woman might wear the jewel safely. The late Queen Victoria had it placed in the royal crown, but now, said the lecturer, it adorns the one made for Queen Alexandra by the order of the king, to whom the prophecy was sent from India.

Clothing of Mineral Wool.

Now Thomas A. Edison is telling us that one day we shall find clothing "dirt cheap" for the reason that the sources of mineral wool are inexhaustible and processes are under way by which it will be robbed of its "scratchiness," be spun, woven, dyed, and withal turned out into the naggiest kind of garments.
Mr. Edison might have said that it will be "slag" cheap. Mineral wool, or as it has been called mineral cotton, is produced by turning a jet of steam through liquid slag from a furnace. Under the influence of the steam the hot slag is blown into fine white threads. Until Mr. Edison mentioned its coming adaptability for clothing mineral wool has been valuable as a non-conductor of heat, and as such has been used as a covering for boilers and steam and hot water pipes.
Which suggests that a mineral all-wool overcoat may be all right in a hard winter, while an undershirt of even mineral cotton might be uncomfortably warm in August.—Chicago Tribune.

Comedy in the Capitol.

"Whenever I am in Washington," said Wilton Lackaye, "I always spend an afternoon at the Capitol. They put on the best farce comedy there ever staged. The last time a friend accompanied me to point out the 'celebs.' A newly-elected western senator was pounding on his desk and waving his arms in an impassioned appeal to the senate.
"What is the matter with him?" I whispered to my friend.
"Oh, he can't help that," was the answer. "It's a birthmark."
"A what?"
"A birthmark," repeated my friend. "His mother was scared by a windmill."—Young's Magazine.

Natural Leaders of Men.

If the Jews, the Greeks, the Germans, and the English owe much to their poor men who rose in spite of circumstances to greatness, they all must rank second to America in this respect. From the foundation of our government men of obscure origin have been among our wisest and ablest leaders in all the walks of life, and their influence has been pre-eminently over that of all their more fortunate fellow-citizens born in affluence and backed by other influences than their own in the race for place and leadership.

Unreasonable.

"You don't have anything more to do with Buncks, do you, old man?"
"No; the fellow got me into dreadful financial straits lately."
"How was that?"
"Oh, he kept on loaning me money month after month—and suddenly he demanded it all back!"

PASTORAL OF THE BIG CITY

As Sun Sinks, Policemen Seek Coffee Back Room and Footpad Prepares for Duty.

The sun was sinuously sinking behind a few thousand buildings, varying in height from the one-story edifice on the western water front to the 20-story warehouse adjacent. It may seem odd to say that the sun was sinking sinuously, but it had to sink in that way to give a proper performance and dye the corners of each and every building with its rosy stain. Up in the edge of the sky you could see dusk, getting ready to do business. The evening chimes rang out from 113 trolley cars in the immediate vicinity, and the softly musical resonance of the far-away elevated filtered through the circumambient air. It had to filter to get through, as a couple of thousand chimneys were on the job.

The lone policeman on the beat folded his tent like an Arab and as silently stole into the nearest cafe. Here were other policemen. One would have said half the metropolitan force was in the back room, but this was not true. Only one-fifth of the force was there. Without the evening shadows began to fall and the trusty footpad adjusted his rubber heels and heaved a sigh, feeling sorrowful, he knew not why, yet prepared to do his duty.
The sun had now entirely disappeared into New Jersey—which is suffering enough for one night.
We decline to prolong this pastoral.—Judge.

Uncle Jenk's Appeal.

Uncle Jenk and Aunt Nerry Spigler, having been unable to get along peaceably together, had separated, on an amicable basis. Uncle Jenk took up his abode in an old man's home; Aunt Nerry kept the cottage and garden, and also retained the slender bank account.
Under this arrangement the two old people were on the friendliest footing and Uncle Jenk made neighborly calls upon his wife at frequent intervals, often doing small bits of work about the premises, for which Aunt Nerry scrupulously paid him.
On one occasion, the plastering having fallen from the ceiling, Uncle Jenk solicited the job of repairing, naming \$6 as his price for the work, which Aunt Nerry considered excessive.
"Why," she protested, "I know I could get Andy Gatch to do it cheaper than that."
"Mebby ye might," allowed Uncle Jenk, mildly, "but I ain't nimble, like Andy; it'd take me a good bit longer than what it would him. Sides that, even if you could get the work done a little cheaper, I should think you'd favor one that's kin to you, rather than a stranger."
Uncle Jenk's logic won and he received his price.—Youth's Companion.

The Point of the Story.

A mother was greatly worried by her small daughter's habit of running away. Thinking to impress the child with the danger of getting lost, she told her a vivid story of some children who ran away from home and lost in the woods. With much art the mother told of a storm in the night and of the terrible distress of the parents and friends who hunted for the children until morning. She also told about the good breakfast prepared for the children, which they missed because they did not reach home till 10 o'clock.
The little girl listened intently to every word, and the mother hoped that the story was making an impression. When she finished the child was silent for a few moments, as if expecting something more. Then she asked, eagerly: "Did they get any nuts?"—Metropolitan Magazine.

The Norway Maple.

In many parts of the east the Norway or sycamore maple is a favorite for street planting, though it is somewhat intolerant of dust and smoke and is therefore better suited to rural districts and villages than congested city centers. As it is a spreading tree, care should be taken to prevent its bending too low. It thrives in southern California as well as any of the maples, but seems to thrive still better farther north. Nature seems to dictate an evergreen country, and it is somewhat puzzling to know why we have sycamores, cottonwoods, etc., almost identical with species found in eastern states. In central and northern California, where oaks are deciduous, the maples thrive and no objection should be made to using on street and highway.

Wealth of Frankfurt.

Frankfurt probably shares with Amsterdam eminence as being the wealthiest city in the world per capita. There is an immense investment fund in this city garnered through the centuries. Frankfurt has long been one of the great money markets of Europe and banking in Germany centered here until recent years, the great Frankfurt private banking houses leading and being assisted in their operations by such houses as Mendelssohns and Bleichroeders in Berlin and the Oppenheims in Amsterdam.

A Woman of Taste.

"Mrs. Flubber in acidum seem with Mr. Flubber here of late."
"Her excuse is a very good one."
"What is it?"
"Mr. Flubber's hair is black and he doesn't harmonize with any of his new gowns."

The Chelsea Standard

An independent local newspaper published every Thursday afternoon from its office in the Standard building, East Middle street, Chelsea, Michigan.

O. T. HOOVER.

Terms:—\$1.00 per year; six months, fifty cents; three months, twenty-five cents. To foreign countries \$1.50 per year. Advertising rates reasonable, and made known on application.

Entered as second-class matter, March 5, 1904, at the postoffice at Chelsea, Michigan, under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Geo. Adair spent Sunday in Utica. Jacob Alber spent Sunday in Jackson. Miss Ella Barber spent Sunday in Detroit. Miss Margaret Miller spent Sunday in Ann Arbor. Miss Ruth Bacon left Monday for a trip to Duluth. Henry Schumacher was a Lansing visitor Sunday. Miss Jennie Winslow was a Detroit visitor Monday. Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Kusch spent Sunday in Jackson. Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Lowry were Detroit visitors Sunday. Alva Steger, of Detroit, spent Sunday with his parents here. Rev. and Mrs. A. A. Schoen were in Saline the first of the week. Mr. and Mrs. Wirt S. McLaren were Ann Arbor visitors Monday. Mrs. Scott Shell, of Rochester, N. Y., is the guest of relatives here. Miss Clara Runciman was the guest of her sister in Jackson last week. Mr. and Mrs. John Jensen left for a trip to Niagara Falls this morning. Miss Josephine Miller is spending a few days with Jackson relatives. Mrs. Fannie Crawford is visiting friends in Stevens Point, Wisconsin. Chas. Stephenson took in the excursion to Niagara Falls this morning. Phyllis Monroe is spending some time at the home of her aunt in Detroit. Carlton Runciman returned Saturday from a two weeks visit at Saugatuck. Mrs. W. F. Kress and son are guests of friends in Detroit and Monroe this week. Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Vogel and children spent Saturday and Sunday in Detroit. Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Hoag, of Ann Arbor, were guests of relatives here Sunday. Mrs. A. E. Fletcher, and children, of Jackson, were Chelsea visitors Saturday. Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Bowling are entertaining his mother from Buffalo, New York. D. H. Wurster and Julius Strieter left Sunday for a business trip to Cleveland. Master Lewis Surridge, of Detroit, is spending some time at the home of R. W. Hall. Mrs. El. Weiss left Wednesday for a visit with friends at Traverse City and Petoskey. Mrs. Jas. Geddes and daughter Jennie left Wednesday for a visit in Albion, N. Y. E. Raymond, of Chicago, spent Saturday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. Ahmiller. Mrs. Ellen Hayes, of Detroit, is visiting this week with her brother, A. E. Johnson. Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Meyers, of Battle Creek, are guests of relatives here this week. Mrs. Owen Murphy and son John and daughter Mary visited Jackson friends Sunday. Blaine Barch left Wednesday for Dayton, Ohio, where he will make his future home. Mrs. Norman Boosey and son, of Detroit, are guests of her sister, Mrs. Geo. Kautleher. Mrs. Eugene Smith and son Claude, of Charlotte, are guests at the home of Robert Foster. V. D. Hindelang and family, of Albion, spent Wednesday at the home of Louis Hindelang. Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Harper, of Corunna, are guests at the home of Mrs. Wm. Campbell. Mrs. R. W. Lake spent the past at the home of her daughter, Mrs. J. B. Stanton, of Milan. Warren and Gilbert Daniels, of North Lake, left this morning for a trip to Niagara Falls. Mr. and Mrs. John Reilly and Mr. and Mrs. Russell Jewett were Jackson visitors Saturday. Dorothy and Dorris Schumacher left the first of the week for a two weeks visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Walker, of Lansing.

Rev. W. P. Considine and Louis Miller attended the Catholic picnic at Pinckney Tuesday. Misses Florence Cavanaugh and Ethel Duart, of Detroit, are guests of Mrs. Miles Alexander. Mrs. Fred Houchen and daughter Esther returned to their home in Oshkosh, Wisconsin, Tuesday. Mr. and Mrs. W. A. BeGole, of Ann Arbor, were the guest of Chelsea relatives the first of the week. Misses Ella Sliammer, Nina Hunter and Ethel Burkhart are spending a few days at Niagara Falls. Mrs. Lucy Stephens accompanied by her mother Mrs. Smith left this morning for Niagara Falls. Miss Mabel Olds, of Detroit, was a guest at the home of Mrs. John R. Gates the first of the week. Mrs. Glenn Barnes and son, of Norwalk, Ohio, are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Skinner. John G. Schmidt, sr., returned to his Chelsea home Sunday from a ten days visit at Cleveland, Ohio. Rev. W. P. Considine is in Adrian today attending the exercises given by the Sisters of St. Dominic. Miss Margaret Walsh, of Niagara Falls, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Currier over Sunday. Rev. Dr. Chas. O. Reilly is attending the exercises given by the Sisters of St. Dominic in Adrian today. Mr. and Mrs. Frank Mellencamp and children, of Ann Arbor, are the guests of Mrs. U. H. Townsend. Mrs. Henry Schneider and children, of Beloit, Wisconsin, are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jabez Bacon. Harry Taylor returned to Detroit Sunday after spending a few days with his mother and other relatives. Miss Belle Hall returned to Grand Rapids Monday after spending the past ten days with her parents here. Mrs. A. Knee spent Saturday night and Sunday with her nephew and niece, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Leach, of Lima. Mr. and Mrs. John K. Allyn and family, of Buffalo, N. Y., are the guests of Charles D. Allyn and family this week. Mr. and Mrs. B. B. Turnbull and daughter, Florence, are spending a few weeks at Brevoort Lake, Upper Peninsula. Mrs. Chas. Martin and son and her guests Mrs. Frank Bevans and Miss Jennie Sevrens, spent last week at Niagara Falls. Mesdames James Bachman and Florence Howlett left this morning for Niagara Falls where they will spend a few days. Mr. and Mrs. Earl Finkbeiner, of Dayton, Ohio, spent several days of this week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. Finkbeiner. Mrs. Frank Bevans and Miss Jennie Sevrens, of Farley, Iowa, spent the past two weeks here the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Martin. Otto Steinbach and daughter Marion, who have been spending a week with Chelsea relatives returned to their home in Flint Monday. Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Wakeman, of Dimondale, and Mrs. Chas. Goodwin, of Chicago, spent several days of the past week at the home of D. C. McLaren.

Church Circles.

ST. PAUL'S.
Rev. A. A. Schoen, Pastor.
Services at the usual hour next Sunday morning.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.
Rev. J. W. Campbell, Pastor.
There will be no services next Sunday.
Prayer meeting on Thursday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

BAPTIST.
Rev. F. I. Blanchard, Pastor.
Young People's meeting at 6 p. m. Subject, "Mountain Scenes in Bible Story." Leader, Miss Maude A. Coe. Prayer meeting Thursday at 7 p. m.
There will be no preaching service or Sunday school next Sunday.

Rev. M. L. Grant, Pastor.
CONGREGATIONAL.
Morning service at 10 o'clock. Sermon subject, "Perspective."
Sunday school at 11 a. m.
Union evening service at 7 o'clock. Sermon by the pastor. Subject, "The Best Way to Rest."

SALEM GERMAN M. E. CHURCH, NEAR FRANCISCO.
J. E. Beal, Pastor.
Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.
Communion service at 10:30 a. m.
Epworth League at 7:30 p. m.
English preaching at 8 p. m.
Rev. Dr. Jacob Braun of Detroit will be present on Sunday to conduct the services.
Preparatory service on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Warning.
Having leased the Wilkinson orchard out south Main street, I shall prosecute all trespassers to the full extent of the law. JAMES H. WARD.
Dated, August 7, 1911.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL.

Born, Thursday, August 17, 1911, to Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Koons, a son.

There will be a regular meeting of the K. O. T. M. M., Friday evening of this week.

J. N. Dancer has the stakes set for a new house which he will have built on his McKinley street property.

The public acts of 1911 which is being forwarded to the county clerks by the Secretary of State contains 290 new laws.

The Miller Sisters will leave Saturday for Cleveland and Buffalo where they will purchase their fall stock of millinery goods.

A marriage license has been issued by County Clerk Miller to Ernest G. Mann, of Freedom, and Laura Feldkamp, of Saline.

Five auto parties left here this morning for Adrian where they attended the exercises of the Sisters of St. Dominic today.

The Glennbrook stock farm received last Saturday a thoroughbred registered Holstein bull calf from the herd at Lakeside, New York. The animal is three months old.

The annual Bird and Purchase families reunion was held at Dearborn Wednesday. Several from Chelsea and vicinity attended and all report an enjoyable occasion.

Rural mail carrier Fred Riemschneider is taking his annual vacation. Substitute carrier Irvin Weiss is serving the patrons of route No. 4, during the absence of Mr. Riemschneider.

It behooves every one of us to be careful at this time of the year in what we eat and drink. Precautions should be taken in every particular of the foods we eat, as this is the time when typhoid gets in its deadly work.

Robert Leach has taken a contract to build fifty rods of cement sidewalk for R. B. Waltrous on his sub-division. The new walk will be built on the Boulevard through the property reaching from McKinley street to Taylor's lane.

Twenty-six of the auto trucks that made the endurance run from Chicago to Detroit and return passed through Chelsea Monday afternoon. The first two trucks arrived about two o'clock and the last one went through about four o'clock. They attracted considerable attention. Each truck was loaded with bags filled with sand to its carrying capacity.

Banks and merchants will have no cause to complain of a shortage of small bills this summer and autumn if the treasury department plans work out. All large denomination silver certificates are being destroyed as they come into the treasury and \$1 bills are being issued in their stead. It that does not supply the demand the treasury is ready to issue \$1 greenbacks, though this will not be done only in an emergency.

Frank Rawson and his four-year old daughter, of Bridgewater, are in Ann Arbor taking the Pasteur treatment at the medical building of the U. of M. One week ago last Saturday the child was bitten in the leg by a pet dog. The animal acted strangely and died Sunday morning. Mr. Rawson in handling the dog got some of the saliva on his hands. The head of the animal was sent to the Pasteur institute and it was found that the dog had died of rabies.

PASTORAL.

LAME EVERY MORNING

A Bad Back is Always Worse in the Morning—Chelsea People are Finding Relief.

A back that aches all day and caused discomfort at night is usually worse in the morning. Makes you feel as if you hadn't slept at all.

Can't cure a bad back until you cure the kidneys. Doan's Kidney Pills cure sick kidneys—make you feel better, work better, rest better and sleep better.

Permanent cures in Chelsea prove the merit of Doan's.

Mrs. Lewis Burg, Garfield St., Chelsea, Mich., says: "I have no hesitation in recommending Doan's Kidney Pills, for I know them to be a remedy of great merit. I suffered intensely from backache and in the morning upon arising, I felt lame and weak. A distressing kidney weakness clung to me persistently and these troubles made me very anxious to get relief. Finally I procured Doan's Kidney Pills and soon after beginning their use, I was free from my aches and pains. I have been feeling much better in every way since taking this remedy."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Try the Standard "Want" Ad.

Remove the Cause

Logical Thing to Do

CHIROPRACTIC is founded upon an accurate knowledge of the brain, spine, spinal cord and nerves. The brain is the "Dynamo" that generates life. The nerves are the wires that transmit life. The organs are the "motors" that do the work of the body.

Every organ and tissue cell is connected to the brain by nerves and receive their power to functionate through the nerves.

A slightly dislocated vertebrae causes pressure upon the nerves and diminish the current. Lack of current produces lack of function. Lack of function ill health.

We remove the pressure by adjusting the spine, re-establish the currents and health results.

Call at our office and let us explain this more fully, show you a spine and demonstrate how easily it gets out of "kilter" and how easily corrected. Spinal Analysis Free.

F. S. MOON, D. C.

Office Hours: 10 to 12 a. m., 1 to 5 and 7 to 8 p. m.
Over Farmers & Merchants Bank, Chelsea, Mich.

Nothing for Nothing.

It was said by all the neighbors of Mr. Quincey that he had never been known to give away anything in his life. He either sold it, or demanded something in exchange. On one occasion he was making a long journey. The seat directly in front of him was occupied by a man who had been coughing and sneezing at frequent intervals for more than an hour. At last Mr. Quincey leaned forward and spoke to him.

"That's a pretty bad cold you seem to have," he said.

"Worst one I ever had in my life," wheezed the other.

"Well, I know of a simple and harmless remedy, absolutely sure, that will cure it inside of two days.

"Some patent nostrum?"

"No; you can make it up at home."

"I shall be very grateful if you will tell me what it is."

"It'll do it, sir," said Mr. Quincey, narrowing his eyelids, "if you'll tell me what'll drive away these warts I've got on my left hand."—Youth's Companion.

A Silly Season Gift.

"Take your wife a silly season gift of a half dozen assorted sealing wax candles," the salesman said.

"But I don't know what sealing wax candles are," the patron objected.

"This is what they are." The salesman produced a neat box. "They are sticks of sealing wax, each containing a wick. You light the wick when you want to seal a letter; the wax melts and drops off, and when you have got enough for your seal you blow out the flame. A sealing wax candle saves the expense and bother of a second candle. Won't you take your wife a silly season gift of a box?"

"But," objected the patron, "I don't think that it is either customary or desirable to give wives presents in the silly season."

Lifting Power of Gas.

One thousand cubic feet of coal gas will lift 35 pounds weight. Hydrogen gas has greater lifting power, 1,000 cubic feet of it lifting from 60 to 70 pounds. One of the cheapest ways to make hydrogen gas is to act on zinc with sulphuric acid. Sulphuric acid is, chemically speaking, sulphate of hydrogen, and when it and zinc are brought in contact the zinc takes the place of the hydrogen, which is then liberated, sulphate of zinc being formed as the result of the decomposition.

Swat the Files

TRY Conkey's Fly Knocker For 15 Days

If It Don't Satisfy You Your Money Back Quick

Get a Can Now

FOR SALE BY
PAUL O. BACON
AT THE CHELSEA ROLLER MILLS

ALSO
HUMMEL & FAHRNER

Swat the Files

BEFORE  **AFTER** 

Chelsea, Wednesday, August 23.

31 Years of Uninterrupted Success

100 PERFORMERS

50 Beautiful Lady Artists

Big Group of Clever Clowns 50 Remarkable Acrobats

Performing Horses Splendid Menagerie

THREE BANDS

Frank A. Robbins Circus

Newest and Greatest All Feature Shows

A Circus That Is A Circus

Will Show at

Chelsea Aug. 23

Two Performances

RAIN OR SHINE

2 and 8 o'clock P. M.

GRAND FREE STREET PARADE

Open Dens of Animals. Three Bands. Beautifully Costumed Men and Women. Magnificent Floats. Starts from Circus Grounds promptly at 10 o'clock on Day of Show.

Don't Forget the Date, Chelsea, Wednesday, Aug. 23.



REDUCED FARES

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

SUNDAY EXCURSION

via
Michigan Central

Aug. 27th, 1911

(Returning same day)

Ann Arbor.....30c
Detroit.....85c
Train leaves at 9:40 a. m.

Jackson.....35c
Battle Creek.....\$1.05
Kalamazoo.....1.35
Grand Rapids.....1.75
Train leaves at 8:40 a. m.

Tickets accepted in coaches only. Baggage will not be checked on these tickets.

MANCHESTER—Several members of the G. A. R. and W. R. C. met at the home of G. H. Putnam last Thursday. J. E. Teeter was 88 years old on the same day, and the two celebrated together. Dinner was served.

Chelsea Roller Mills

Don't pay 90c for a sack of Flour when you can buy just as good or better for

70 CENTS.

We guarantee our Flour to be as good a Flour as any on the market and a good deal healthier than a great many. It will go just as far as any Flour.

Patronize home industry and save money. Ask your grocer for Phoenix Flour.

CHELSEA ROLLER MILLS

Phone No. 84

Try The Standard Want Column

IT GIVES RESULTS

20 PER CENT DISCOUNT SALE - ON - CLOTHING!

THIS SALE WILL BE CONTINUED DURING THE MONTH OF AUGUST.



EVERY SUIT

Of Men's and Boys' Clothing in our store goes into this 20 Per Cent Discount Sale.

Every Suit

Is this season's model, and the fabrics are the very latest designs.

CALL AND SEE THE BARGAINS WE OFFER

DANCER BROTHERS.

CLOTHING FOR THE MAN WHO CARES.

PRINCESS

Saturday Night Feature Show

"His Mother"

A Real Vitagraph Drama. An irresistible Story.

"Edna's Imprisonment"

An Edison Comedy. A Really Funny Story.

"Discharging the Cook"

Selig Comedy. Some Laughs

"Dear, Kind Hubby"

Another Comedy Feature that will make you laugh

What Is There In It For Me?

Most of us are selfish, ever looking for the main chance, constantly asking, "What is there in it for me?" This is all right. We would hardly expect anyone to do business with us to their own disadvantage, but we think they should study the situation enough before they send their business elsewhere, to ascertain wherein they themselves are to be benefited. Now as regards sending their money away to distant cities for deposit, we have never been able to see how that benefits the one who sends or the community in which he lives. Several banks in Cleveland and Pittsburgh are making strong appeals for deposits to be sent there. They pay no more interest than local banks, yet thousands of people are sending their money to them nevertheless. We feel like presenting a barrel of apples to the man who will come to the bank some day and make clear to us how he is personally benefited by having his money deposited in a large city bank instead of this bank. Our opinion is we would be able to keep the apples a long time. It always pays to be fair and sensible. If you wish to be prosperous keep your money here.

The Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank

LOCAL ITEMS.

L. T. Freeman was in Toledo Tuesday on business.

W. H. Dancer has had an extensive addition built to his residence on Washington street.

D. W. Donahue, of Detroit, trainmaster of the Michigan Central spent Tuesday in Chelsea.

Watch for the date of the Business Men's Basket Picnic. This will be the event of the season.

R. B. Waltrous has started two more houses on the east end of his subdivision on McKinley street.

Joseph Liebeck is making arrangements to build a combined grain house and corn crib on his farm in Sylvan.

Ed. Spaulding received a carload of glazed tile Tuesday that he will use in a silo that is to be erected on his farm in Sylvan.

The carpenters commenced work Monday on the new residence which A. H. Kuhl is having built on his farm in Sharon.

A basket picnic under the auspices of the North Lake Band will be held in Stevenson Grove, North Lake, Thursday, August 24.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Winters are making arrangements to move into their new residence on Washington street which has just been completed.

Frank Leach has purchased of Mrs. Jane Tuttle the vacant lot on the corner of Middle and Grant streets. The sale was made through the agency of R. B. Waltrous.

Rev. and Mrs. J. W. Campbell left this morning by way of the Michigan Central to visit Toronto, Niagara Falls and other places of interest and will be absent a week or ten days.

O. C. Burkhart entertained the following officials of the Washtenaw Mutual Fire Insurance Co., at a picnic at North Lake Tuesday: Wm. Fowler and Chas. Parsons of Saline, Geo. Miller of Ypsilanti, W. K. Childs, J. B. Laraway and H. K. Graves all of Ann Arbor.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Hummel and children are in Adrian today where they will witness the ceremony of the Sisters of St. Dominic taking the final vows of the order. Their daughter, Miss Amelia, being one of the number. She is known in the order as Sister Mary William.

There will be a meeting of the Business Men's Association next Monday evening to discuss the telephone question. Mr. Hall, of Ann Arbor, manager of the Home Telephone Co., is expected to be present and lay before the meeting some propositions for their consideration.

At a meeting of the official board of the M. E. church on Monday evening when nearly all the members of that body were present, by a unanimous vote, the pastor, J. W. Campbell was requested to return for another year and a vote of thanks was extended to Mr. and Mrs. Campbell for a faithful year's work.

The office force of the Flanders Mfg. Co., called at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Gardner, who occupy the T. E. Wood residence on east Summit street, last Friday evening and gave them a surprise. Mr. Lovejoy on behalf of the party, in a pleasing speech presented Mr. and Mrs. Gardner with a well filled basket of cut glass and the host made a response. The event was a very enjoyable one.

At the annual meeting of the Improved Black-Top Delaine Merino Sheepbreeders' Association held at Vandercreek Lake Wednesday sixty-eight of the members were present. The following officers were re-elected for the coming year: President, L. L. Harsh, of Union City; vice president, D. E. Beach, of Lima; secretary and treasurer, O. M. Robertson, of Eaton Rapids; chairman of executive committee, O. C. Burkhart, of Chelsea. The annual meeting next year will be held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Musson of Howell.

Shortly after noon Wednesday two touring cars enroute from Boston to Chicago pulled into Chelsea and the party stopped for their dinners. It seems that the party was traveling on a time wager and one of the cars was about one-half hour behind the schedule time. The driver of the car to make good the lost time jacked up the front wheel that was connected with the speed-recorder, and hired a boy to turn the wheel, so that it would indicate a larger mileage. Thus he could state that he had traveled a number of more miles than he really had, which would account for the lost half hour.

Home grown water melons are being sold in the Chelsea market.

The annual mission festival of St. Paul's church will be held Sunday, August 27th.

Born, Monday, August 14, 1911, to Mr. and Mrs. Chris. Horning of Sharon, a son.

The annual convention of the Michigan Good Roads Association will be held at Lansing, August 31.

The Congregational Sunday school will hold its annual picnic Friday, August 25, at Island Park Ann Arbor.

The ladies of the Baptist church will hold a bake sale in the store of Geo. H. Foster & Son, Saturday, August 26th.

John Faber has had ground broken for a new residence which he will have built on his premises on north Main street.

Miss Regenia Eder, who recently entered the convent of the Sisters of St. Dominic at Adrian took the white veil of the order today.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hendry and children, who have been spending the last two months in Woodstock, Canada, returned to their Chelsea home Monday.

Lewis Eschelbach, of Lima, left Tuesday for Battle Creek, where he will take a course of treatment for rheumatism at the Battle Creek Sanitarium.

Charles P. Walter, superintendent of the F. A. Stuart Co., of Marshall, spent last Friday and Saturday at the home of his uncle, Michael Mohrlock, sr., of Sylvan.

Rev. Dr. Chas. O. Reilly delivered an impressive and touching eulogy over the remains of Gen. John E. Tyrell at the funeral which was held in Jackson, Saturday morning.

Chelsea was well represented at the German-American Day celebration held in Jackson last Thursday. It was decided to hold the meeting of the A. U. V. at Marshall next year.

H. Lighthall has taken a contract to erect three houses for H. S. Holmes on McKinley street. Mr. Lighthall has staked out the sites and will push the work forward as rapidly as possible.

George Gardham, of Detroit, was married in that city Monday, August 14, 1911. Mr. Gardham is a machinist and formerly resided in Chelsea, being employed by the Glazier Stove Co. He will make his home in Detroit.

Mr. Koons, who is employed as a carpenter by the Michigan Portland Cement Co., of Gray Village, Four Mile Lake, had the misfortune to break a bone of his left arm near the wrist, Wednesday afternoon of last week.

Thomas Watkins, of Ann Arbor, has rented the Wilkinson-Raftrey store on east Middle street, at present occupied as a billiard room, and will open a bakery. Wise & Elsie will move their billiard tables into the room over The Standard office.

Wm. Gray, of Grass Lake, had three cows killed by a limited car on the D. J. & C. last evening. The cattle were being driven across the track into the yard. Mr. Gray also had two calves killed on the same line last Saturday evening.

The Princess program for Saturday night consists mostly of comedies. The only drama is the feature photo play "His Mother" by the Vitagraph company. "Edna's Imprisonment" by Edison. "Discharging the Cook" and "Dear, Dear Hubby" are the comedies completing a great bill.

William Geddes died at his home in Kansas City, Mo., Saturday evening, August 12, 1911, aged 57 years. The deceased was a son of Mr. and Mrs. James Geddes, sr., and a brother of John and James Geddes, jr., of Chelsea, and Mrs. Henry Luick, of Lima. The funeral and burial took place in Kansas City.

The Chelsea fire department was called to the residence of Mrs. J. J. Raftrey, on Park street, about 11 o'clock Wednesday forenoon, to subdue a fire in the kitchen which started from a gasoline stove. The contents of the kitchen were destroyed and all of the lower rooms of the residence so badly smoked that they will have to be redecorated. The loss will reach \$250 and is covered by insurance.

The marriage of Miss Alma Barton, of Lyndon, and Mr. Leo Merkel, of Sylvan, took place Wednesday morning, August 15, 1911, in the Church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart, Rev. Wm. P. Considine celebrating the mass. The couple were attended by Miss Tressa Merkel and Mr. Arthur Forner. The young couple left for a wedding trip to LeMars, Iowa. They will make their home on the farm of the groom's father, Peter Merkel, of Sylvan.

Mammoth Clean-Sweep Sale!

Two Weeks of Unparalleled Bargain Giving. All Summer Goods Must Go.

The relentless cutting and slashing of prices throughout our entire store is positive evidence of our determination to make a complete clearing of warm weather merchandise. The rich bargain values mentioned here is only a suggestion of the host of money saving opportunities made possible by this final price reducing event.

Never during the history of this store have we been able to make prices on new, desirable merchandise quite so attractive as just now. Let us impress upon you the importance of taking advantage of this splendid chance to secure almost double value for every dollar you spend here during this sale.

Summer Underwear at a Marvelous Saving.

5c for the 10c quality 10c for the 15c to 20c quality
15c for the 25c quality 25c for the 50c quality
Men's \$1.00 Fancy Dress Shirts, popular styles, 75c. Men's 50c Dress Shirts at 39c.
Men's all Silk Neckwear, 19c. Regular 25c to 50c values.

Dry Goods Department.

Woman's Sun Bonnets, only a few left, were 25c, now 10c. Clean sweep values in sheets and pillow cases. Pillow Cases 12½c, worth 18c.
Full Bleached Muslin Sheets, smooth, even finish, the regular 75c quality, sale price 48c each. Children's Rompers reduced from 25c and 50c to 19c and 38c.
14c to 16c Gingham reduced to 10c. Good quality Pearl Buttons, 2 dozen for 5c.
Mennen's Talcum Powder, 13c box.

Men's and Boys' Suits

Clean sweep reductions on Men's and Boys' Suits. For \$10.00 you can take your choice Men's Suits worth from \$15.00 to \$20.00. Take a look at them and you will be convinced at once that these suits are wonderful values.
Boys' long Pant Suits and Knee Pant suits reduced to clean sweep prices.
Men's Black Socks, good quality, 7 cents a pair. Men's Work Socks, 5 cents a pair.

CARPETS—300 yards all Wool Ingrain Carpet, two ply and best quality worth from 65 cents to 70 cents, clean sweep sale price 50 cents yard.

Women's and Children's Dresses

Last call and final sweeping out of all Women's, Misses and Children's Summer Dresses. You can buy them at less than cost of making.
One lot Women's \$3.00 to \$3.50 Dresses, sale price \$1.69. Children's Dresses worth up to 75 cents, now 39 cents. The better grades worth from \$1.00 to \$3.00 reduced to about half regular price.

Clean Sweep Sale of all Oxfords.

Every pair goes into this sale at a cut of about 50 per cent. Men's high grade Walk-Over Oxfords, up to the minute in style, at from \$2.00 to \$3.00, worth from \$3.50 to \$5.00. Black or tan. No other line of Oxfords sold in Chelsea has the merit of a Walk-Over. You get better shoe leather and more style and snap for your money than you can possibly get elsewhere.

W.P. SCHENK & COMPANY

"The Store on The Hill"

SPECIAL CLEARANCE SALE.

On Buggies, Lawn Swings, Lawn Mowers, Porch Furniture, Drills, Bean Pullers, Spring Tooth Harrows, Plows, Gasoline and Oil Stoves and Steel Ranges. Screen Doors.

Remember Our Week-End Sales.

SATURDAY ONLY

8 bars Queen Anne Soap for.....25c
8 bars White Laundry Soap for.....25c
Pint Fruit Jars.....45c dozen
Quart Fruit Jars.....55c dozen
Two Quart Fruit Jars.....75c dozen
Can Rubbers and Tops.

J. Bacon Mercantile Co.

Highest Prices for Butter and Eggs.

PRESSING

CLEANING AND REPAIRING

All work neatly and promptly done. Work called for and delivered. Leave orders at Brooks' Pool Room. Phone 115

TOMMIE WILKINSON

The Tailor Chelsea, Mich.

Closing Out Prices

Not intending to build any more Surries, Top Buggies, Road Wagons, Spring Wagons, Lumber Wagons, Cutters or Bobs after my present stock is made up, I offer every job, when made up, at a reduced price while they last. A good variety in stock at present. Anyone in need of a vehicle can't afford to miss this sale

A. G. FAIST

G. T. McNAMARA
Dentist
Office over L. T. Freeman Co.'s drug store.
Phone 165-3B

BYRON DEFENDORF,
Homeopathic Physician.
Forty-seven years experience. Special attention given to chronic diseases; treatment of children, and fitting of glasses. Residence and office northeast corner of Middle and East streets. Phone 61-3r

S. G. BUSH
Physician and Surgeon.
Offices in the Freeman-Cummings block. Chelsea, Michigan.

DR. J. T. WOODS,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office in the Staffan-Merkel block. Residence on Condon street. Chelsea, Michigan. Telephone 114.

A. L. STEGER,
Dentist.
Office, Kempf Bank Block. Chelsea, Michigan. Phone, Office, 82, 2r; Residence, 82, 3r.

H. E. DEFENDORF,
Veterinarian.
Office, second floor Hatch block. Chelsea, Michigan. Phone No. 61. Night or day.

B. B. TURNBULL,
Attorney at Law.
Office, Freeman block, Chelsea, Michigan.

JAMES S. GORMAN,
Attorney at Law.
Office, Middle street east. Chelsea, Michigan

H. D. WITHERELL,
Attorney at Law.
Offices, Freeman block, Chelsea, Michigan.

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S. A. MAPES,
Funeral Director and Embalmer.
Fine Funeral Furnishings. Calls answered promptly night or day. Chelsea, Michigan. Phone 6.

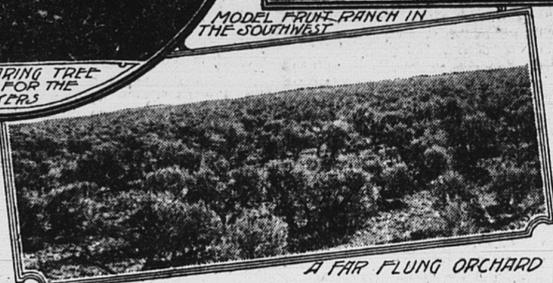
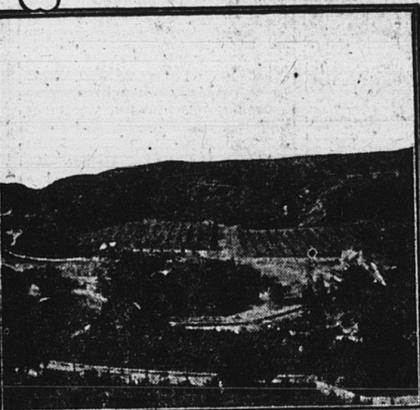
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Money to Loan. Life and Fire Insurance. Office in Hatch-Durand block. Chelsea, Michigan.

E. W. DANIELS,
General Auctioneer.
Satisfaction Guaranteed. For information call at The Standard office, or address George W. Dan, 121 S. 2. Phone 115-3r. Auctioneer and an appraiser of real estate.

The UNITED STATES APPLE GROWER to the WORLD

It is not too much to say that the American apple, yellow or green or rosy, but rich and mellow, always, is the most widely known and most highly esteemed product of Uncle Sam's domain in the estimation of the great majority of the people over seas. We hear much talk of the extent to which American inventions and utilities have won their way around the world, and it is literally true. All up and down the highways of the earth we find strange people using Yankee safety razors and kodaks and enjoying the music of American-made phonographs. But after all it is the American apple which has done more than anything else to carry conviction as to what a bounteous realm is this premier republic of the new world.

And, speaking of the apple, it must not be supposed that any measure of its prestige is due to the mere fact that it is a food, whereas some of the other things which we export to the tune of millions of dollars a year are luxuries, pure and simple. The United States is food purveyor to the world with other eatables than the luscious products of our orchards. Why if it were not for our wheat and corn, for instance, half of Europe would go hungry just as were it not for our cotton, thousands of employes of foreign cotton mills would go idle. But with all due respect to these facts it may yet be declared that the American apple is in a class by itself. The old world owes her tobacco and



A HEAVY BEARING TREE READY FOR THE PICKERS

A PROFITABLE ORCHARD

MODEL FRUIT RANCH IN THE SOUTHWEST

A FAR FLUNG ORCHARD

her potatoes to the new world, likewise, but these she has succeeded in transplanting to her own soil. For the appetizing apple at its best, however, she must still come to the land of the Stars and Stripes.

There does not seem to be a very clear record of just when the American export trade in apples had its beginnings, but probably it began on a small scale almost as soon as the lovers of the good things of earth discovered what a precious boon is the mealy sphere with its refreshing, thirst-quenching propensities. The lands over seas have acquired their enthusiasm for American apples partly because they have already had the best grade of the fruit served to them. There are two explanations of this. On the one hand there is the consideration that only a good grade of apple of certain varieties has the keeping quality to permit of its exportation—a transfer that means that weeks and more likely months must intervene between the time the apples are picked in Amer-

ica and the time they are eaten under foreign skies. The second consideration, and it is equally important, is that the sale of American apples abroad, extensive as it is, is for the most part to people who can afford to pay for such delicacies. The poorest classes in Europe eat the yields of our wheat and corn at reasonable prices, they would be obliged to pass them by and eat rice or some other food staple that could be obtained at prices within their means. With apples, however, the situation is very different. The fancy varieties that find way to alien shores, each apple neatly wrapped in its individual piece of paper, must perforce demand good prices and consequently thus far the only sale is among the wealthy or well-to-do. Perhaps, some day, if the craze for apple growing continues, we shall be producing so many apples of the poorer grades that our orchardists will in self-defense have to seek a market abroad for the poorer or at least the cheaper grades of apples.

When one is told that you are required to pay as high as twenty or twenty-five cents

apiece in London and on the Continent for those huge red apples that have brought fame to the Pacific Northwest, you have a new explanation of the prices ranging from \$2,500 to \$10,000 per acre which are demanded for bearing orchards in this favored fruit land. The chances are that in the eyes of the average foreign apple-eater, Niagara Falls does not rank higher as an American wonder than the Hood River Valley in Oregon, the Wenatchee, the Yakima and other districts from the five acre and ten acre fruit farms of which come the winesaps and other varieties of apples that compel the most conservative European epicure to concede that America must be a wonderful place after all.

But it would be a great mistake to convey the impression that it is only the apples from Oregon and Washington which are freighted over land and sea to win praises in foreign tongues. The greatest apple shipping port in the world is Watsonville, California, and countless apples have gone forth as silent missionaries from the great orchards of the middle west and particularly from the Ozarks which long ago attained a proud position as a fountain head of the stream of apples that annually overflows the world. The most famous apple growing region in the east,—the picturesque Albemarle highlands of old Virginia—is likewise a heavy contributor to the larders of moneyed foreigners. From this historic section of the Old Dominion come the famous Albemarle pippins which bring prices ranging up to \$10 a barrel and which are such favorites

in England that the tight little Isle takes the lion's share of the crop. This is the apple which was so favored by the late Queen Victoria and which is likewise the especial favorite of Britain's new king.

Since this country has assumed the role of purveyor of apples to the civilized world, a great change has taken place in the methods of harvesting the choicer grades of apples. No more is there resort to the old hap-hazard method of detaching one boy to climb the tree and shake the limbs while other lads gathered from the ground the fruit which, in all too many cases, was more or less damaged by the fall. Nowadays when keeping qualities are as desirable as flavor in an apple, each apple is picked at its prime,—that is when it has attained perfection of color, but before it has commenced to grow mellow,—and is carefully packed in box or barrel from which it will emerge in perfect condition after months of cold storage.

It was because of the difficulty of obtaining apples that had been packed with extreme care that many large buyers,—particularly those buying for foreign markets,—some years ago inaugurated the practice of buying the apples on the trees and themselves attending to the picking and shipment. The plan has proven so satisfactory to both growers and buyers that it has been paid for the fruit "on the trees" in a single orchard. Of course, the grower does not get as large a lump sum as he would for the packed apples, but his net return is as great or greater and he saves himself no end of trouble and worry and controversy. The apple buyer who purchases an apple crop on the trees in this fashion may bring in his own expert pickers to harvest the fruit or he may merely employ the labor in the neighborhood.

It is sometimes declared that a considerable portion of the American people has to put up with what are, in effect, second-grade apples, while the proudest products of our orchards go scooting past our doors enroute to castles and hotels and mansions beyond the Atlantic. Of course, this is true, only in a measure. Immense quantities of all the high-priced varieties of American apples are consumed right here at home, although it may be admitted that the bulk of the supply for the populous eastern cities comes from the orchards of New York, New England and other districts that are close at hand. But, by the way, it may be added that the apple-growing industry in New England is taking a great "brace" as regards the quality of the fruit produced. Stony hillsides, particularly in Connecticut, are under the advanced methods of cultivation, being made to yield heavy crops of huge delicious apples and if this sort of thing keeps on the time is coming when New England apples will vie in the markets of the world with the prize specimens from the west coast.

A noticeable characteristic of the American apple growing industry in all sections of the country is found in the immense numbers of people who are entering the field. There seems to be something of a general mania to take up fruit raising which exceeds in extent the stampede of a few years ago to get into the poultry-raising business. A good many of the newcomers have had little experience in fruit raising, or indeed in farming of any sort and those who are laboring, as many of them are, under the delusion that fruit-raising is an "easy money" proposition requiring neither experience nor hard work, would seem doomed to a rude awakening. On the other hand many of the men who have lately taken up apple raising as a serious business are shrewd business men of energy and determination who will win out in the end, even if they do stumble a few times at first. What is more, a number of these have the capital back of them to stick to the game and this is important inasmuch as the apple industry is liable to prove a waiting game,—not only with young trees which have not reached the bearing stage but also to some extent with mature orchards when a late frost or other inauspicious conditions may ruin a crop and allow the grower no chance for a profit until a full year hence.

Some of the apple growers have expressed fear within the past year or two that this immense influx of apple producers will serve to time glut the market and force down prices. The best-posted authorities, however, take little stock in any dire predictions in this direction. They point out that not only is apple consumption bound to have a natural increase proportionate to the growth in the population of the country, but, more significant still is the circumstance that the American people are learning to make more extensive use of this supremely healthful fruit, serving it in a variety of new forms which will make the fruit what is sought to be—a staple on every American table.

The National Grange

Conducted by Charles M. Gardner, Editor of the National Grange, Westfield, Mass.

FUTURE OF NATIONAL GRANGE

Subject Well Handled by Prof. T. C. Atkeson, the Overseer of the Order.

An exceptionally strong article on the future of the Grange has just been written by the overseer of the National Grange, Prof. T. C. Atkeson of West Virginia, and has attracted nationwide attention. Professor Atkeson is dean of the West Virginia State Agricultural college and is also one of the largest owners and cultivators of farm land in the eastern part of the country.

Among other things, Professor Atkeson makes these pertinent observations regarding the Grange and its future:

I joined the Grange because I believed in it and its power for good to the struggling masses who dwell among the fields which they cultivate. Through all these years I have not lost faith in it. I have gloried in its successes and victories; but I have not lost sight of its failures and weaknesses. It has been a great joy to praise and commend it and a real sorrow when compelled to condemn it. Without money and without price I have done what little I could to uphold it, and have proceeded upon the theory that it was a good thing to put money into rather than to get money out of. A great humanitarian organization of sincere men and women banded together for the purpose of furnishing a loyal, capable leadership and for giving force and effectiveness to the best, safest and sanest thinking of the American farmer.

I have seen much to admire and commend in its leadership, and I may say that I have not infrequently seen some things which my own sense of the fitness of things compelled me to condemn. My own judgment is that the most serious mistake the Grange has made is in not keeping close enough to the real farmer. As a farmer I have always believed that agriculture should develop its own leadership from men very near the soil. The Grange is a secret fraternity and whatever of wrong or inefficiency there may be in it must be corrected and cured, if at all, by itself and not by any scheme of publicity; and its future is dark indeed when it or any considerable part of it is willing to look to men who have no earthly interest in agriculture beyond their selfish desire to "farm the farmer," to save it from its own chosen leaders. The glory of the Grange in all the years of the past has been its loyalty, and achievement for, agriculture, and the slogan of the future must be "back to the farm" if it is to continue to justify its leadership.

I am disposed to look for good in all men and I believe that much of the difference in the Grange has been the result of honest misunderstanding and the listening to evil advisers who have no real interest in agriculture. I believe the farmers of this country should do their own thinking and talking, and that the Grange must develop among real farmers leaders who are able to hold their own in any presence.

If our farmers are to hold their own among the economic forces in this great country, they must be vigilant and united, and above every other consideration must demonstrate their ability to control and direct their own affairs. No one ever accused the manufacturers of not knowing how the tariff would affect their interest, nor did anyone ever suspect the millions of special privilege of not knowing which side of their bread had the butter on it.

As economic and political conditions are now rapidly developing in America, agriculture must equip itself to hold its own against the deadly encroachments of other interests if it would escape the social and economic blight that has fallen upon it in all the extinct civilizations of the past, and the growing tendency in the same direction in the older civilizations of the present. Let American agriculture look well to its laurels. The Grange must measure up to its opportunity or give way to some form of organization that will. Our faith is in the American farmer. May the Grange prove to be a pillar of cloud by day and of fire by night to guide American agriculture to the land of promise.

Grange Memorial Days. More and more the Granges of various states are setting apart a memorial day, when appropriate tribute shall be paid to deceased members. Sometimes a Sunday afternoon service is designated, or again a regular evening meeting is given over to this purpose, the former, however, being the more general plan. A visit to the cemetery, for the decoration of the graves of departed members, is often the feature of the occasion. The Michigan State Grange has just officially set apart the first Sunday in October as the grange memorial day, and it will be widely observed by local Granges all over that state.

Blinder Twine by Contract. In many of the large grain states of the northwest contracts for blinder twine are made by State Granges with the big twine manufacturers and then the farmers get the benefit of the lower prices thus secured. Blinder twine is one of the largest articles of consumption by the farmers of those states and this phase of Grange effort is therefore fully appreciated.

HAD CAUGHT THEM.

He (after he had kissed her)—My! what's that noise back of us? She—I guess papa's trying his new motion picture machine.

The Bad Effects of CONSTIPATION

Impure blood, offensive breath, heavy head, shortness of breath, bilious attacks, fitful sleep, loss of appetite, feverish conditions, all come from one cause—Constipation.

The Good Effects of BEECHAM'S PILLS

remedy these conditions because they remove the cause. They start the bowels, work the liver, sweeten the breath, cleanse the blood, tone the stomach, clear the head, improve the appetite and bring restful sleep.

The oldest and best corrective medicine before the public is Beecham's Pills.

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.

A Knight of the Modern Maccabees

an important and useful citizen in every community

Because he safeguards his wife and children by providing ample PROTECTION against future distress and poverty.

No community having Poor-houses, Orphan Asylums or other Charitable Institutions can be said to be truly happy or prosperous.

Take a Protection Policy in the K.O.T.M.M. It is Safe and Cheap

Every kind of Insurance Protection needed by the average man, is furnished by this old fraternal society, organized in 1881, and conducted under Conservative and Progressive Management.

Benefits Paid - \$175,000.00
Membership - 103,000

For further information concerning rates and social benefits, inquire of any member, or write to:

GEORGE S. LOVELACE, A. M. SLAY
Great Commander, Great Record Keeper
Port Huron, Mich. Port Huron, Mich.

Special Convention, Sept. 12, Port Huron, Mich.

Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.

Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress After Eating.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

ABSORBINE

A big knee like this, but your horse won't have a bump or bruise on his knee, hock, stifle, knee or shoulder.

ABSORBINE will clean them off without laying the horse up. No blister, no hair growth, no sore, no pain, no inflammation for months. It is a special preparation of the finest medicinal herbs, and is guaranteed to give relief in all cases of sore shins, sore hocks, sore knees, sore stables, sore shoulders, sore heels, sore hooves, sore fetlocks, sore pasterns, sore coronets, sore galls, sore chaps, sore cuts, sore scratches, sore lacerations, sore abrasions, sore scalds, sore burns, sore frost-bites, sore sun-burns, sore insect-bites, sore animal bites, sore human bites, sore dog bites, sore cat bites, sore snake bites, sore scorpion bites, sore wasp bites, sore bee stings, sore ticks, sore fleas, sore lice, sore mites, sore worms, sore maggots, sore flies, sore mosquitoes, sore ticks, sore fleas, sore lice, sore mites, sore worms, sore maggots, sore flies, sore mosquitoes.

W. F. YOUNG, P. O. Box 310, Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

DAVIS FLY KILLER

It kills all flies, including house flies, stable flies, and horn flies, and is safe for all animals and humans.

It is a powerful disinfectant and kills all germs and bacteria.

It is sold in small bottles for 10 cents each.

W. F. YOUNG, P. O. Box 310, Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

KING AND HIS PEOPLE

Most members of the royal family have had from time to time many interesting and amusing adventures when going about in disguise. They are able to escape for a little while from the rigid etiquette and ceremony that normally surround them, and to enjoy a degree of freedom very welcome to them.

King George as prince of Wales had many adventures in different parts of London in various disguises, which enabled his majesty to obtain a close insight into the different phases of life among many of his subjects, Pearson's Weekly says.

One of the most interesting adventures King George has had in disguise was a visit his majesty paid to a big railway goods yard some years ago on an occasion when there was an enormous pressure of heavy goods traffic. The king, then duke of York, went to the yard at 11 p. m., accompanied by a member of the royal household. Both were dressed in the garb of working men who were waiting in the yard until midnight on the chance of being taken on for the night shift if the work was specially heavy.

Only a few of the railway officials were aware that the heir to the throne was standing among the squad of hungry men eagerly and anxiously waiting the arrival of the foreman, who might pick out some of the most robust among them to aid in shifting the mountain of goods from the trucks to the clearing sheds during the night.

For nearly an hour the prince watched the work proceeding in the big yard under the white glare of the arc lamps with immense interest, and chatted to the men about him, entering thoroughly into the spirit of their rough but good-humored chaff. A few minutes before midnight one of the railway officials, who was aware of the presence of the prince came up to his royal highness and stood by him. A minute later the foreman arrived and after casting a searching glance over the squad before him,

proceeded slowly to pick out a dozen men, who were then marched off to work.

The rest walked out of the yard except the prince and his companion, who were escorted out a little while later by the railway official. The latter had stood by his royal highness in case the foreman should have selected him for the night shift. The foreman was not informed of the identity of the prince, but had simply been instructed not to take on the two men beside whom the railway official was standing.

Queen Mary has, indeed, had almost as many adventures as the king in disguise.

Some years after her marriage the queen made a series of expeditions about the east end of London, visiting all the poorest quarters as an ordinary lady visitor, her guide frequently being the present bishop of London.

The queen also a little while later visited the poorest quarters of Birmingham, Manchester and Liverpool in the guise of a nursing sister, which enabled her majesty to go to the worst quarters of these towns with little fear of being subjected to any rough or unpleasant treatment, for the sisters are almost invariably treated with respect even by the roughest characters in these localities.

TORPEDO FISH LIKE A SKATE.

But the Electric Ray Carries its Own Storage Battery.

A recent addition to the division of fishes in the new national museum in Washington has proven one of the most interesting specimens in the entire collection, according to the Philadelphia Public Ledger. It is the electric ray, known in the language of the scientists as the Narcine brasiliensis, harmless enough as to name, but capable of repelling its enemies in a manner peculiarly its own, which gives it its common title of the "torpedo" fish.

The electric ray is of the skate variety, with

a broad, flat, nearly oval head and body, and a tall something like that possessed by the majority of well-known fishes. Its mouth is on the under side and it can only feel the way to it when feeding. But the real curiosity about this fish is the fact that it carries its own storage battery with it on all its wanderings and that it has the power of recharging the thousands of little cells when they become exhausted, using its power over and over again. There are really two batteries. They are located where one would naturally expect to find the breathing apparatus of the fish, to the right and the left of the beady black eyes and back. They are kidney shaped, occupying perhaps one-third of the upper part of the body.

When at peace with itself and the rest of the world the torpedo fish swims around at leisure or rests in shallow water, burrowing in the sand at ease, but if attacked the battery is discharged and the enemy is glad to call it a drawn battle if it can swim away. It gets its prey by using its batteries to supply the necessary current to kill, but it must first complete a connection with the object of its attack. Men have speared these torpedos in shallow waters and have caught them in nets, but on handling them have been very glad to let them go and avoid further shock. Fishermen have been repeatedly knocked down by a contact with them. The species is common along the south Atlantic and gulf coast.

DIVISION OF LABOR.

There were points of resemblance between Mrs. Hammond and the lilies of the field; she had married a young man with a good salary, but she herself had never earned a penny in her life, nor had she been blessed with well-to-do parents.

"We have a joint account in the National Fountain bank," she announced to one of her friends, when she had been married a few months. "It is such fun to pay bills by check."

"What do you mean by a joint account?" asked the incredulous friend. "Do you put in equal sums?"

"Oh, I don't put in any," said Mrs. Hammond. "Will you put it in and I draw it out."

SUMMER SCHOOL OF PRACTICAL AGRICULTURE

By R. S. SHAW, Dean of Agriculture, Michigan Agricultural College



Agricultural Students at Michigan Agricultural College Constructing Tile Drain.

The first regular organized summer school of practical agriculture was opened at the Michigan Agricultural college June, 1911, and continued throughout the ensuing four weeks. This course is intended to train the hands properly so far as the proper performance of ordinary farm work is concerned. No formal lectures were given, but each student was shown how to properly perform such operations as follows, under the direction of a competent instructor, viz: Fitting and operating of haying and harvesting tools and machinery, the same being true in the case of all implements involved in the cultivation of farm and horticultural crops. Each student was required to take part in every operation involved in farm drainage, the same being true in fencing. In addition to this, training was given in the feeding, care and management of poultry, hogs, sheep, beef cattle, dairy cattle and horses. In fact the student was required to put the hand to every operation in progress at this season of the year.

Great care was exercised in the direction given. A student sent to mow out fence corners with a scythe was required first to grind and whet the scythe, and was then instructed how to take hold properly, swing and do the work easiest and most efficiently.

This training is a prerequisite to the four-year course and must be procured in this school or elsewhere before graduation. The work is not required of a young man properly trained on a good Michigan farm. A boy may acquire this experience during summer vacations on well operated farms, but as a rule he is not given an opportunity to experience a variety of work as days in succession are spent in the hay loft mowing back hay or pitching bundles of grain.

It seems desirable to provide for this training in a special manner aside from the regular course, the experiences of the individual students being so greatly varied. An investigation a year or more ago showed that 65 per cent of the young men enrolled in the agricultural and forestry courses came from the villages, towns and cities.

The regular agricultural course presents an abundance of practical work not usually acquired on the farm, such as blacksmithing, carpentry, operation of engines and farm machinery, as well as farm construction, including concrete work such as construction of foundations, walks, tanks, troughs, posts, etc. In addition to this the student is given work in installation of water systems, pipe fitting, plumbing, building designs and planning of farm conveniences generally.

RULES for Extermination of Weeds

By DR. W. J. BEAL

1. The right kind of a man, who will carefully observe and study the kinds of weeds and their habits, fighting each to the best advantage, i. e., with method.

2. See that all seeds purchased or grown at home for seed are free from seeds of weeds. Although often heard, these words are too little heeded.

3. See that threshing machines, hay racks, grain bags from other farms are well cleaned before used on the farm.

4. Cook or grind screenings and burn chaff when certain weeds are suspected.

5. Send seeds to the agricultural college, East Lansing, for identification, unless they are known to be harmless.

6. Strive to prevent weeds from ripening seeds. This is especially important late in the season in case of all pigweeds, purslane and others where the flowers are very small and are liable to be overlooked and the seeds ripen before their presence is suspected.

7. For meadow or pasture make the soil very fertile, as most weeds will then be killed or crowded by the better grass and become of little account.

8. Modify the rotation of crops with reference to killing the weeds.

9. Make a specialty of hoed or cultivated crops.

10. Make soiling crops a prominent feature in certain fields.

11. Smother weeds with quick growing and thickly seeded crops, like red clover or rye or buckwheat.

12. Keep some crops growing on the land from early spring till late autumn—double cropping, i. e., two cultivated crops in one year for barn and cellar instead of one for use and one of weeds.

13. Cultivate thoroughly after a crop is removed.

14. Clean up and avoid leaving any vacant or out of the way places for breeding ground.

15. Where practicable, remove stumps and cultivate to the gutters of the highway.

16. Keep some sheep.

17. When once begun, continue the work thoroughly from year to year, giving no quarter to weeds. This is the easiest in the long run and the surest way.

18. Where hand labor is employed, it is far less expensive and much easier to keep weeds down by taking care to hoe once a week than by going over the ground much less frequently. The habits of a weed determine to

a great extent the best mode of fighting it. Certain remedies suggest themselves for creeping perennials, like quack grass and toad flax, while different treatment is best for narrow-leaved dock; and still a different mode of attack may be adopted for crab grass and purslane.

Weeds are annuals, as pigweeds, crab grass, purslane; biennials as bull thistle and mulleins; perennials, like quack grass, Canada thistle, ox-eye Daisy.

Will it pay? The annual cost of successfully fighting a weedy farm of 100 acres in Ontario has been found to be about \$75. Good cultivation in the long run pays a greater profit than slipshod culture. It not only kills the weeds, but keeps the soil in condition for securing good crops.

Perennial plants cannot gain any if the green leaves are not allowed to appear. The nourishment stored in the root stocks underground will aid the plant to send up slender leaves and if these remain, the plants gain and recruit, but if the leaves start underground and are cut off before coming to the light, these root stocks are drawn on again to furnish food to start more leaves and thus, in time, become exhausted.

POULTRY NOTES.

Hawks and crows are often troublesome in poultry flocks. Bushes, patches of corn, etc., where necessary artificial protection such as frames, which afford a hiding place, will keep the hawks from the chicks and greatly reduce the damage that these troublesome birds are apt to perform.

Young chicks will not do as well if compelled to pick their living with a bunch of old hens. Where possible they should be raised by themselves, but when this is not convenient a slatted enclosure which will not permit the old birds to enter will assist considerably in raising the young.

Green Food for Swine. Swine should be fed plenty of green food in order to keep their digestive tract in the best of condition. It is better if they can be given a wide pasture run, where they can gather green forage for themselves. They should be supplied with plenty of pure cold water and an abundance of shade and a sanitary wallowing place.

Unprofitable Cows. There is but one cow to every five persons in the United States and she supplies but two quarts of milk per day for them, according to the last census. Evidently some cows are not producers of profit, but a means of loss.

MANUFACTURES OF STATE INCREASE

Gain Shown in All Items in Five-Year Comparison.

MUCH SPENT FOR SALARIES

Value of Products in 1909 Was \$885,109,000 to \$429,120,000 in 1904, a Growth of \$255,989,000, or 60 Per Cent.

Lansing.—A preliminary statement of the general results of the thirteenth United States census of manufactures of the state of Michigan has been issued by Census Director Durand. It includes a summary comparing the figures for 1904 and 1909, by state totals, prepared under the direction of William M. Stuart, chief statistician for manufactures, bureau of the census.

The summary for the state shows increases in all the items of the census of 1909, as compared with that for 1904. These are exhibited, in percentage order, as follows: Number of salaried officials and clerks, 78 per cent.; capital, 73 per cent.; cost of materials used and value of products, 60 per cent. each; value added by manufacture, 59 per cent.; salaries and wages, 56 per cent.; miscellaneous expenses, 50 per cent.; primary horse power, 36 per cent.; average number of wage earners, 32 per cent., and number of establishments, 23 per cent.

There were 9,159 manufacturing establishments in 1909, and 7,446 in 1904, an increase of 1,713, or 23 per cent. The capital invested, as reported in 1909, was \$583,947,000, a gain of \$246,053,000, or 73 per cent. over \$337,894,000 in 1904. The average capital per establishment was approximately \$64,000 in 1909 and \$45,000 in 1904. In this connection it should be stated that in the census schedule the inquiry concerning capital invested calls for the total amount both owned and borrowed and invested in the business, but does not include the value of rented property, plant, or equipment which was employed in the conduct of the manufacturing enterprises.

The cost of materials used was \$368,612,000 in 1909, as against \$239,081,000 in 1904, an increase of \$138,531,000, or 60 per cent. The average cost of materials per establishment was approximately \$40,000 in 1909 and \$31,000 in 1904. The cost of materials, however, does not include unused materials and supplies bought either for speculation or for use during a subsequent period. The value of products was \$885,109,000 in 1909 and \$429,120,000 in 1904, an increase of \$255,989,000, or 60 per cent. The average per establishment was approximately \$75,000 in 1909 and \$58,000 in 1904.

Plan to Build Sample Roads.

Secretary T. M. Sattler of the Michigan Good Roads' association of Jackson states the state highway department has offered to build samples of the different kinds of state reward roads for the delegates at the coming meeting at Lansing, August 31 and September 1 to inspect. While the speakers have not yet been secured, an effort will be made to engage such men as L. W. Page, good roads specialist from the agricultural department at Washington; N. P. Hull, master of the state grade; State Highway Commissioner Ely, ex-State Highway Commissioner Earle, President Brown of the State Automobile association, and a representative of the Detroit Association of Automobile Manufacturers.

A campaign is being planned for the betterment of public highways in Michigan. Competent road builders will be sent into every county, city and village to organize associations to build good roads, asking each merchant to pledge a certain amount for every mile of good road built within ten miles of his store; to secure a similar pledge from every automobile owner and also from rural mail carriers.

Canned Fruits for Convicts.

Peaches and cream, or at any rate peaches, will be one of the tempting delicacies which Landlord Nathan Simpson of the Michigan state prison, will feed his 700 captive guests next winter. The snow may fly and prices may soar but there will be no shrinking of the prison menu and canned fruits and berries will be the continual gastronomic delights. This epicurean dream will be made possible the last of this month when operations commence in the warden's small canning factory located midway between the kitchen and storeroom. Five thousand large fruit cans have been ordered.

Michigan Corporations.

New companies filing articles of incorporation with the secretary of state are: Pride of St. Clair Creamery company, Capas, \$1,000; Anson A. Wolcott Milling company, Mt. Clemens, \$10,000; Berrien County Grape association, St. Joseph, \$10,000; the Schurrer Amusement company, Detroit, \$5,000; stockholders, Louis T. Schurrer, Fred Way, William Goldcake, Harry M. Anderson and Frank A. Kelly; Standard Woolen Mills company (foreign), Des Moines, Ia., and Michigan, \$20,000.

Milk Dealers Heavy Losers.

In a bulletin which will be issued within a few days by the Michigan dairy and food department, Commissioner G. M. Dame gives some valuable advice and suggestions on the care of milk in hot weather as follows:

"The abnormal hot weather in the summer of 1911 has already caused the loss of thousands of dollars to the city milk producer and condensery patrons on account of sour milk. In addition the housewife has suffered the loss of milk and the anxiety of infantile diseases from the same source. The milk distributor is likewise a sufferer from the same causes. It is the purpose of this article to point out how these losses might be avoided. The responsibility does not lie with any one class; ignorance and neglect or all combined make these losses possible.

"Let us get down to the fundamental principles as to the causes of sour milk. Sour milk is caused, to be plath, by dirt and warmth.

"In the University of Michigan can be found a sample of milk ten years old which is still sweet. How was this brought about? The milk was absolutely clean. First, the cow's udder and teats were washed clean with a disinfecting solution. Next, the milk pail and milkers' hands were likewise treated, also his clothing. The milk was placed in a sterilized glass jar and hermetically sealed and so will keep an indefinite period. How can we explain this? It has been found that sour milk is caused by certain bacteria which are on the cow's hair, on the teats and udder and on the milkers' hands and clothes. In the dust in the air, in fact, they cling to all substances. When they fall into the milk they begin to breed and develop lactic acid which sours the milk. The more dirt that gets in the milk the more bacteria gets in. The more bacteria gets in the quicker the milk will sour. It is necessary, however, for milk to be warm. The warmer the milk the quicker bacteria will multiply and the quicker the milk will sour. Kept under 45 degrees milk will not sour as the lactic acid bacteria will not breed. The chemist has found out these facts; how shall we put them to practical use in the dairy?"

Mine Valuations Get Big Increase.

According to unofficial reports, the assessed valuations of northern Michigan mining property will be boosted as a result of the investigation made by Prof. J. R. Finley, who was engaged by the state tax commission to make a valuation of the various properties. It is said that Engineer Finley will recommend that the valuations of the iron mines be increased approximately \$100,000,000. They are now assessed at about \$25,000,000, and the new figures, it is said, place the value at \$125,000,000.

Such an increase in valuation would be greater than ever made before on any one class of property, and in case the engineer boosts the iron mines' value four times, there will be a hard fight and protest before the state tax commission and the state board of equalization.

Mr. Finley, who has been employed by the public utilities commission of New York, was engaged by the tax commission under authority granted by a bill introduced by Senator White at the last session.

It is understood that while he recommends a boost on practically every iron property in the upper peninsula, that he also recommends that in a number of cases the valuations on copper mines be reduced. The coal mines of the state are also to come in for a raise.

There is no question but that the tax commission will follow out the recommendations of Mr. Finley, and if they do this and present the figures to the state board of equalization it means the greatest fight that has ever been held before the board.

Good Roads Men Are Coming.

Secretary M. F. Gray of the Lansing Business Men's association has completed negotiations with Phillip T. Colgrave of Hastings, president of the Michigan State Good Roads association, and has received the assurance that the annual meeting of that organization will be held in Lansing August 31 and September 1.

Several other cities were bidding for the convention, which brings at least 600 people here for two days, but Lansing had the advantage inasmuch as the state highway department is located in Lansing. The convention will be held in representative hall, and some of the best authorities on road building from Ohio, Wisconsin and Indiana will be among the speakers.

The state highway department will give a practical demonstration of road building and maintenance, and much valuable information will be given to the various highway commissioners who are expected to attend the convention. Inasmuch as the Business Men's association was required to guarantee music, programs, etc., it will be necessary to solicit funds among the merchants.

Governor Osborn Welcomed.

Escorted by General Abbey and his staff and the regular army officers in camp, and unattended by a staff of gold lace colonels, Gov. Chase S. Osborn, in whose honor the state camp is named, rode into camp smiling and repeatedly removing his hat to the thunderous cheers that greeted him. This is the first time a governor of Michigan has ever arrived in camp without a personal staff of political militiamen.

The KITCHEN CABINET



IF TODAY is dark and stormy, well, tomorrow may be fair. If we have no earthly dwelling, there are mansions "over there." And we know what God plans for us, our cows please, too, would be. Could we but see the future as clearly as can he. —Florence M. Day.

COMPANY DISHES.

When company comes we feel the desire to give them the very best our table can afford. The following are a few ideas that may be used. The drink with small cakes served to the caller on a warm day is very refreshing.

Lemon Fizz.—Grate the yellow rind from three lemons, squeeze the juice from six, and pour over two quarts of boiling water; stir in half a pound of sugar and cover. When lukewarm add half a yeast cake dissolved in a cup of warm water; cover and let stand over night. In the morning bottle and tie down the corks. Put in a cool place for a day or two when it will be ready to use.

Chicago Salad.—Take large, very ripe pears, cut in halves and cored (canned pears may be used); fill the cavity made where the cores were removed with chopped celery and walnut meats mixed with mayonnaise. Arrange around the salad bowl and fill the center with cream cheese or cottage cheese, made rich with cream, put through the ricer.

Normandy Salad.—Chop and mix together three cucumbers, three hard-boiled eggs, one cup of olives, three-fourths of a cup of nutmeats, and serve in lettuce nests with mayonnaise.

Krimmel Torte.—Put a half pound each of dates, nuts, and a fourth of a pound of figs with three tablespoons of bread crumbs through a meat chopper. Mix well and fold in the mixture into the whites of six eggs beaten stiff. Bake in a moderate oven slowly, either in a loaf or layer tins. If in layers, put together with whipped cream, and you have a cake fit for a king.

Dried peaches and apricots mixed make a delicious dessert. Stew until tender, and put through a sieve. Add cream and freeze.



HE beautiful is just as useful as the useful and sometimes more so. —Victor Hugo.

Life without hope draws nectar in a sieve, And hope without an object cannot live.

CHOICE DISHES FOR OCCASIONS.

Pudding Glace.—Scald two-thirds of a cup of raisins in two cups of milk, cook fifteen minutes and strain; add a tablespoonful of flour to a cup of sugar. Mix well, add to the milk with a beaten egg, pinch of salt; strain and cool. Add half a cup of candied pineapple, a third of a cup of Canton ginger cut fine, a half cup of almonds chopped, three tablespoonfuls of grape juice and a quart of cream. Freeze. Save the raisins for some other dish.

Rose Bisque.—Whip a quart of cream, three-fourths of a cup of sugar and a cup of macaroons crushed, a teaspoonful of rose extract. Color with damask rose and freeze.

Beet Salad.—Cook four large or eight small beets, cut in cubes; mix with a cupful of pecans. Serve with mayonnaise dressing tinted rose color.

Chicken Salad.—Chop or cut in small pieces the breast of a chicken; add a cup of blanched walnuts and twice as much celery as chicken. Serve with any dressing preferred.

Spanish Bunn.—Cream two-thirds of a cup of butter, add two cups of sugar, sift together two cups of flour with two teaspoonfuls of baking powder; add the flour alternately with the cup of sour milk; add four eggs well beaten, a cup of raisins and a teaspoonful of cloves and two of cinnamon. Bake in square tins. Ice while warm.

Icing for Cakes.—A cup of sugar and a fourth of a cup of water are put on to boil. Beat the white of an egg, and when the sirup is like honey add three tablespoonfuls, beating all the while; return the dish to the fire and cook until the sirup threads from the spoon, then add slowly to the egg. Beat until cool. This frosting will, if the directions are carefully followed, be shiny and smooth on top and creamy underneath.

Tellie Maxwell.

French Academicians. A French statistician has been looking at the records of members of the Academie Francaise as family men. Of the forty "Immortals" it appears that the great majority are married, but so few that fourteen are childless. Among those who have the largest families are M. Esart Foin, care, the scientist, who is the father of three daughters and a son, and M. Jean Richpin, the poet and dramatist, who has been twice married and has four sons. M. Rene Bazin has also several children, but the families of the other academicians who have families at all do not number more than one or two. M. Anatole France is among the half dozen members who are bachelors.

A WALKING SKELETON.

Worn Out and Prostrated with Terrible Kidney Trouble. Mrs. Margaret Cook, North Market St., Logan, Ohio, says: "It is almost impossible to describe my sufferings. My back ached constantly and so awful was the bearing-down pain that I could scarcely drag myself about. Kidney secretions were in terrible condition and pains through my head were so intense I could scarcely refrain from screaming. I could not sleep, was nervous and lost flesh so rapidly I looked like a walking skeleton. I doctored all the time but had begun to think there was no help for me. Then I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills and was entirely cured. Doan's Kidney Pills gave me a new lease of life."



Remember the name—Doan's. For sale by druggists and general storekeepers everywhere. Price 50c. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

A Complication. Bessie found getting well much more tiresome than being sick. She was becoming very impatient about staying indoors and eating soups.

When her aunt asked her how she felt she replied that she was much worse; that the doctor had found something else the matter with her. "Why, what is it?" asked her aunt. "I think the doctor said 'convalescence.'"

Cole's Carbolsol quickly relieves and cures burning, itching and torturing skin diseases. It instantly stops the pain of burns. Cures without scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

A man who gives his children habits of industry provides for them better than by giving them a fortune.—Whately.

Our highest religion is named "the worship of sorrow."



Cement Talk No. 1

Buyers of Portland cement should remember that there are various brands of Portland cement on the market and that all Portland cement is not the same. Every manufacturer prints on the sacks the name of the brand and the trade mark. If you find the trade mark printed above and the name Universal on the cement sacks, you may know it is the best Portland cement possible to make. Good concrete depends on good workmanship and good materials. Care and experience make for good workmanship. Good sand and gravel or crushed stone are obtainable quite cheaply. With these you may feel absolutely safe, if you use Universal Portland Cement. It is always uniform, of good color, great strength and works easily. If you need cement, use Universal. Most dealers handle Universal. If yours does not, write us.

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